XQNB

Investor Relations Presentation December 2020

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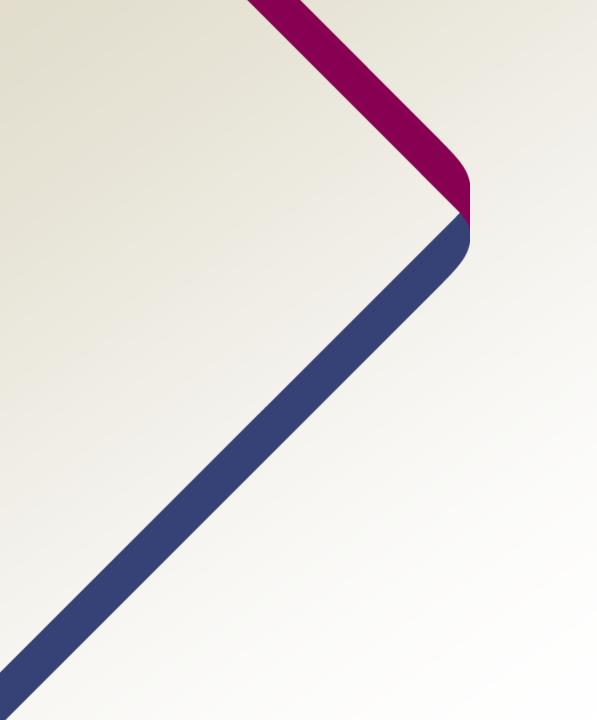
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Notes:

All figures in US Dollars have been converted from Qatari Riyals based on the exchange rate of 1 US Dollar = 3.6405 Qatari Riyals In certain cases, numbers may be rounded for presentation purposes



QNB at a Glance



QNB is a strong and highly rated bank with a growing international footprint

Top-tier credit ratings

Aa₃

 \mathbf{A} +

Fitch

Moody's





USD 45.2 Bn	USD 3.30 Bn	Α
Market Cap.	Net Profit ²	Standard & Poor's
USD 281.6 Bn	USD 0.33	AA-
Assets	EPS	Capital Intelligence



#1 bank in the Middle East and Africa across all financial metrics



International network with presence in more than 31 countries



Most valuable banking brand in the Middle East and Africa, worth USD 6.0 Bn¹



About 28,000 employees serving more than 20 million customers

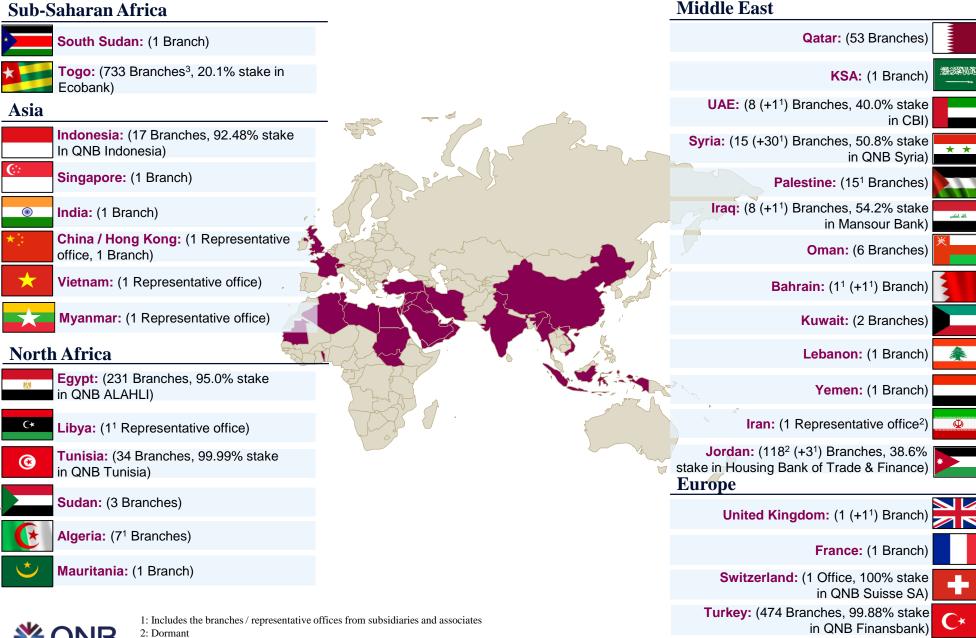




Source: December 2020 Financial Report 1: Brand Finance ® 2020 2: Profit Attributable to Equity Holders of the Bank

QNB's International Footprint

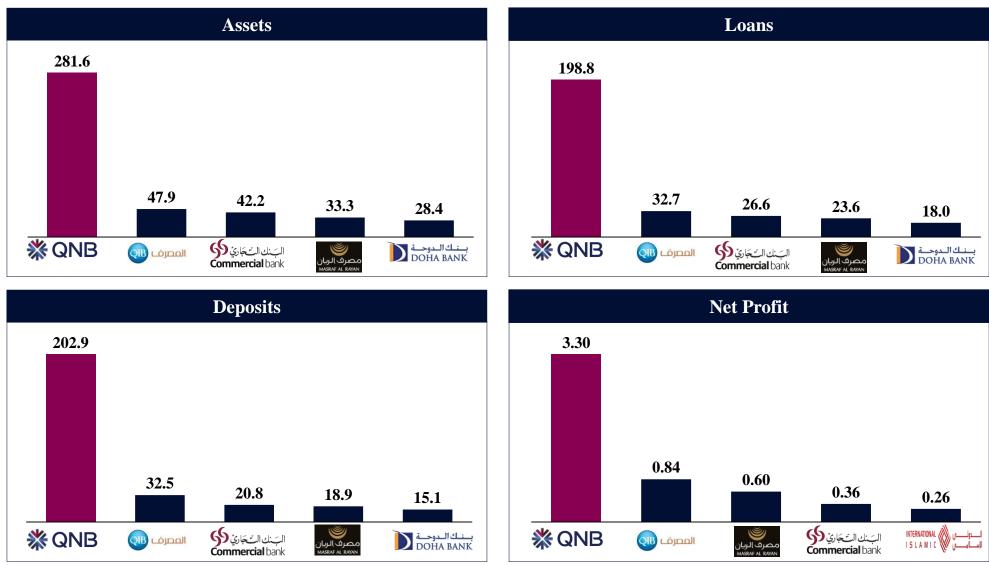
Sub-Saharan Africa





Top 5 Domestic Banks – December 2020

QNB continues to excel in the domestic market

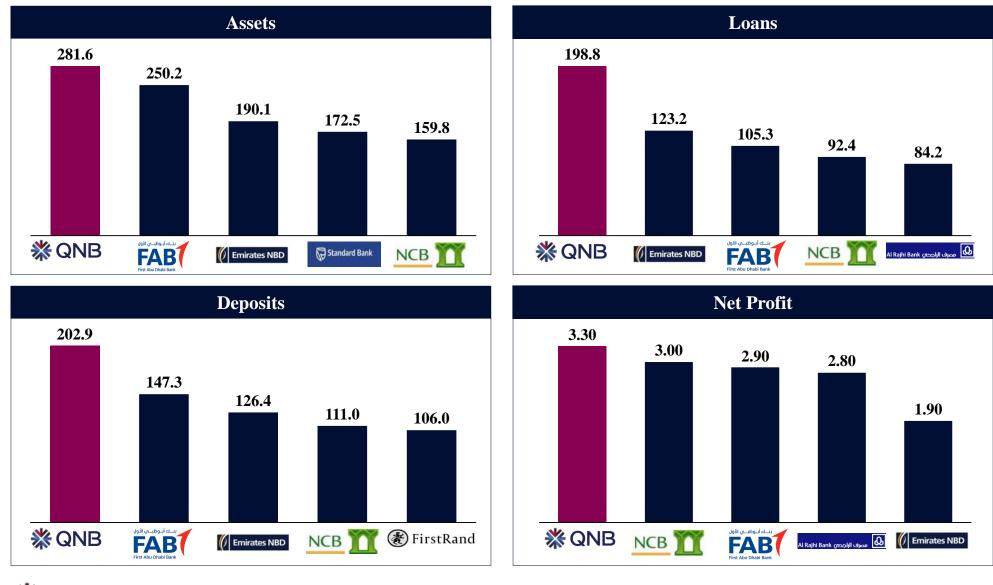


XQNB

Note: All amounts are in USD billions Source: Banks' December 2020 Press Release or Financial Statements, if available

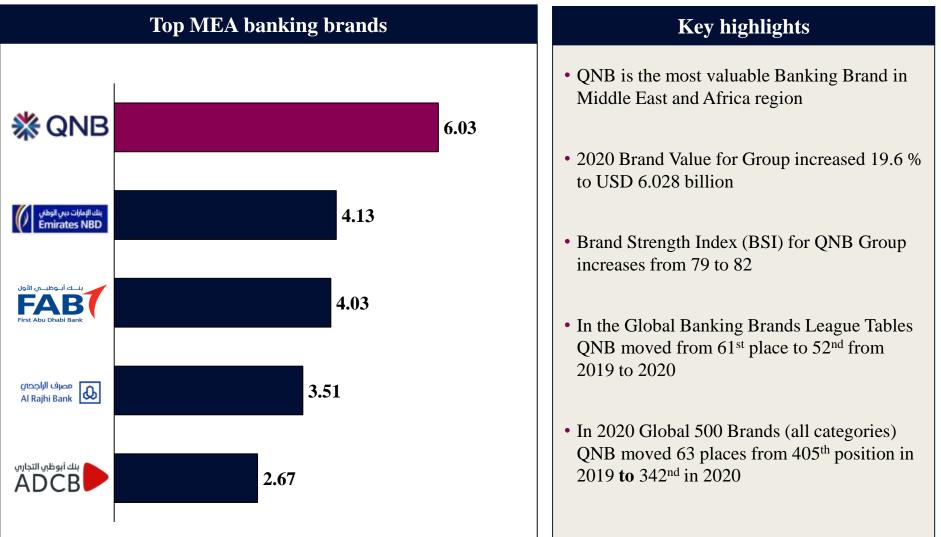
Top 5 MEA Banks – December 2020

QNB maintained its position as the leading bank in the region across all categories



QNB is the leading financial institution in the MEA region with regards to brand value

Brand value (USD Bn as at 31-Dec-19)

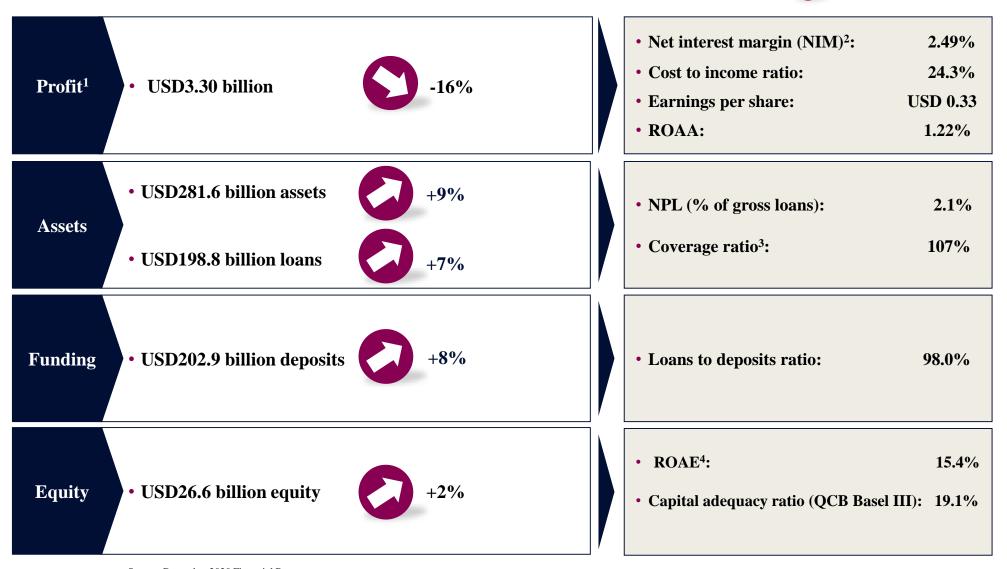


Financial Highlights – as at 31 December 2020

QNB demonstrate sustainable growth

Financial Highlights (as at 31 December 2020)

Growth vs. December 2019



🗱 QNB

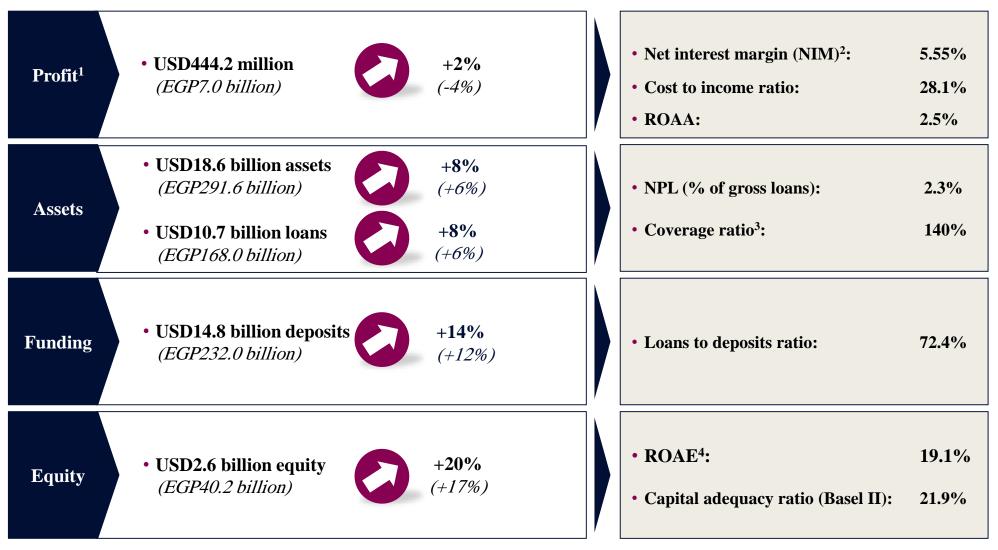
Source: December 2020 Financial Report 1: Profit Attributable to Equity Holders of the Bank 2: Net interest margin calculated as net interest income over average earning assets 3: Based on Stage 3 ECL provisions

4: RoAE uses Average Equity excluding fair value reserve, proposed dividends and noncontrolling interest and instruments eligible for additional Tier 1 Capital

QNB ALAHLI Highlights (as at 31 December 2020)

(

Growth vs. December 2019



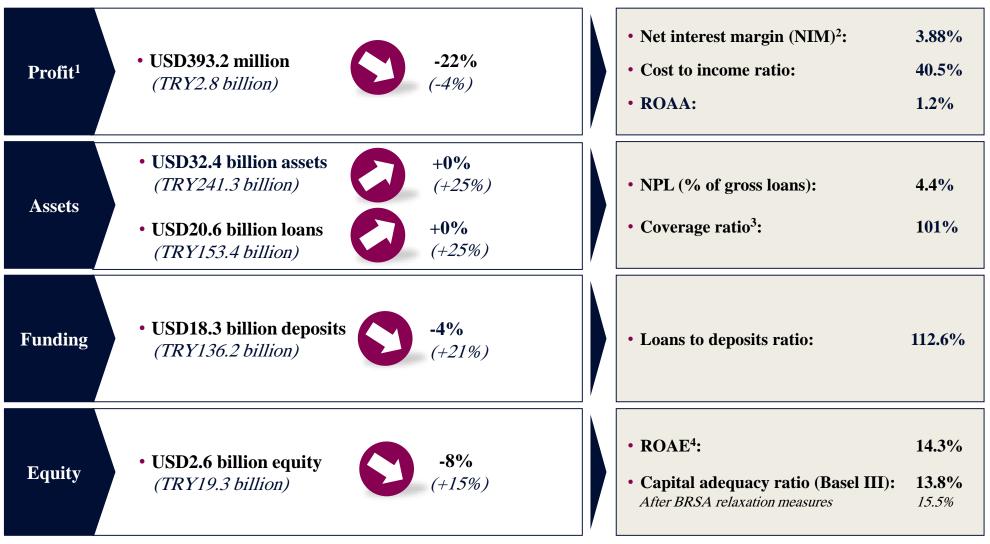
QNB Source: QNB 1: Profit Attri 2: Net interes

Source: QNB ALAHLI under International Financial Reporting Standards1: Profit Attributable to Equity Holders of the Bank2: Net interest margin calculated as net interest income over average interest earning assets on a standalone basis3: Based on Stage 3 ECL provisions

4: RoAE uses Average Equity excluding fair value reserve, proposed dividends and non-controlling interest

QNB FINANSBANK Highlights (as at 31 December 2020)

Growth vs. December 2019





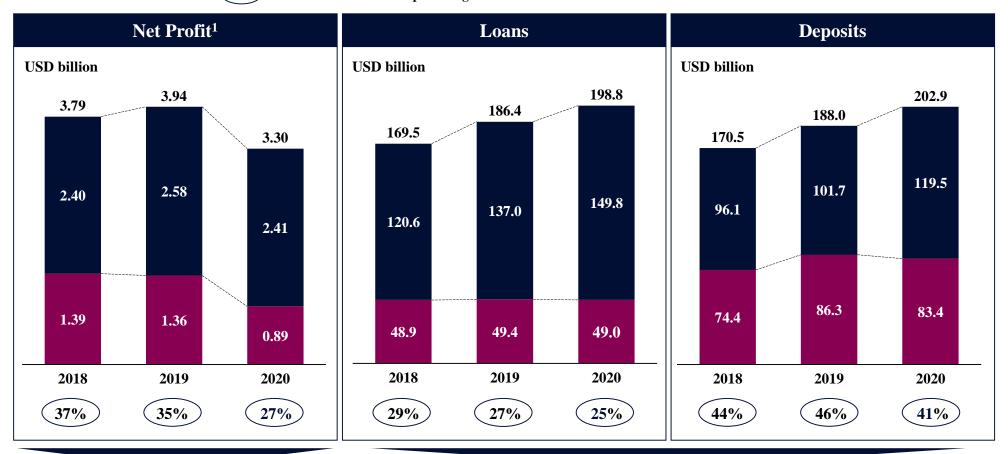
Source: QNB Finansbank under International Financial Reporting Standards
1: Profit Attributable to Equity Holders of the Bank
2: Net interest margin calculated as net interest income over average interest earning assets
3: Based on Stage 3 ECL provisions

4: RoAE uses Average Equity excluding fair value reserve, proposed dividends and non-controlling interest

Solid domestic presence with geographical diversification contributes to growth Geographical Contribution (as at 31 December)

Domestic

International % Share of International as percentage of the total



 Profit from international operations decreased by USD502.9 Mn (36%) from 2018 to 2020

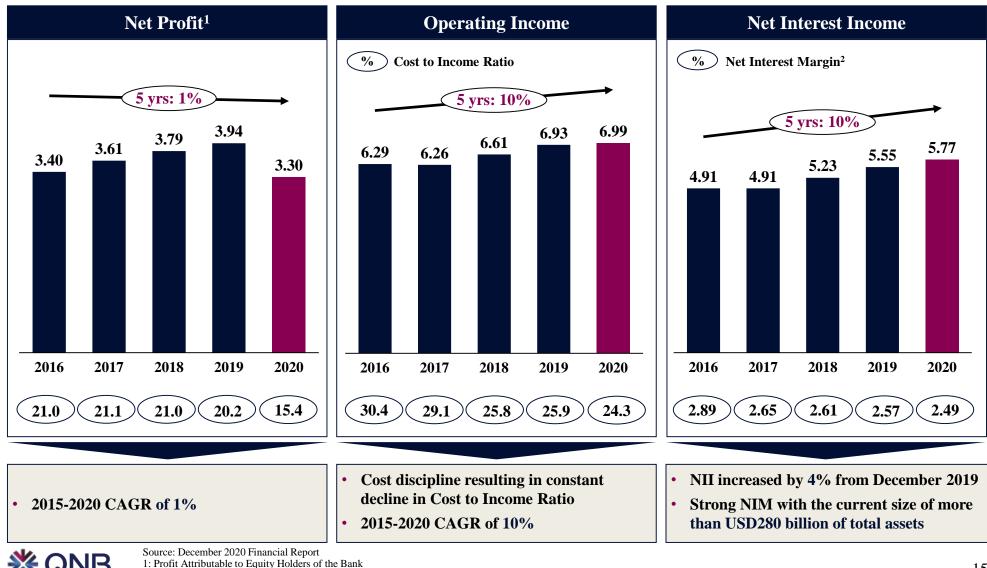
• Loans from Intl operations increased by USD0.1 Bn (0.3%) from 2018 to 2020

• Deposits from Intl operations increased by USD9.0 Bn (12%) from 2018 to 2020



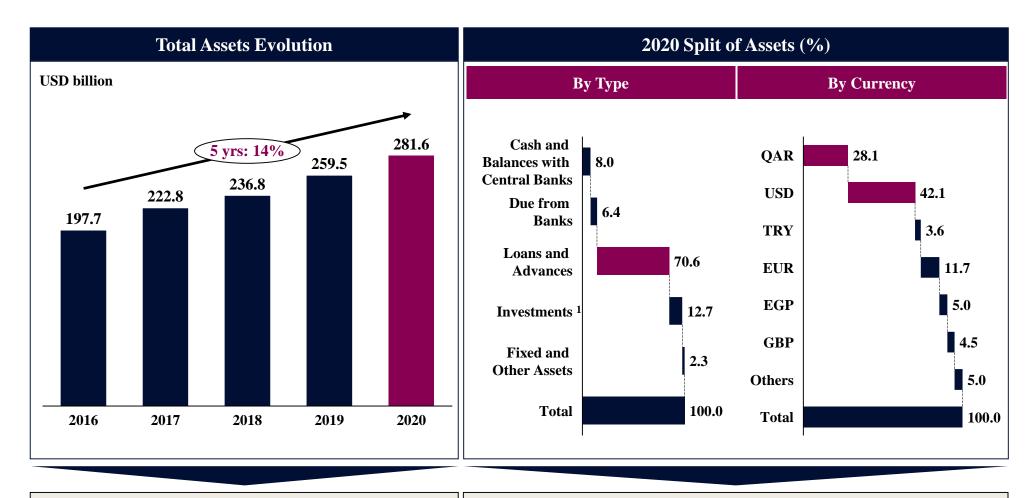
Consistent Profitability and Cost Discipline

Income Statement Breakdown (USD billion as at 31 December)



2: Net interest margin calculated as net interest income over average interest earning assets

Asset growth driven by lending activities mainly in QAR and USD Assets Analysis (as at 31 December)



Assets increased 9% from December 2019

Loans and advances represent 71% of total assets

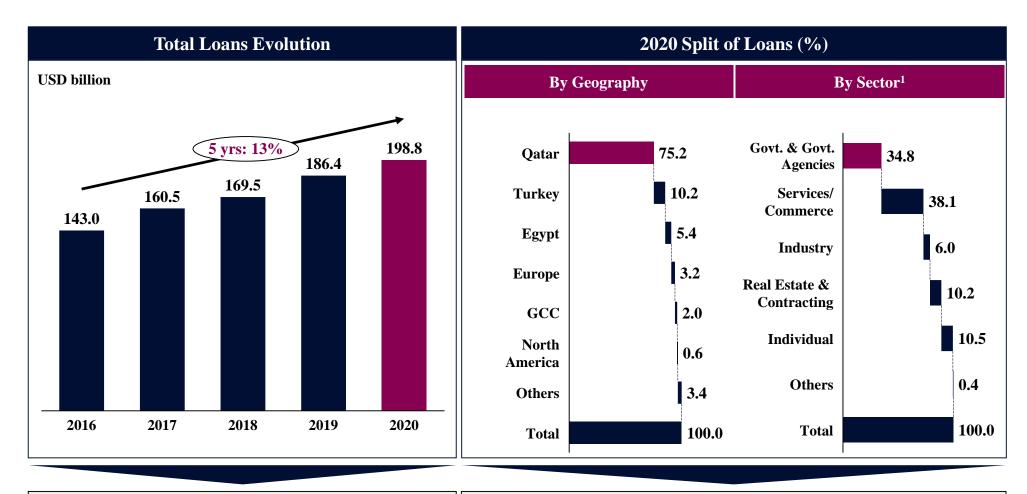
• 2015-2020 CAGR of 14%

USD and QAR currencies account for 70% of total assets



Good loan growth

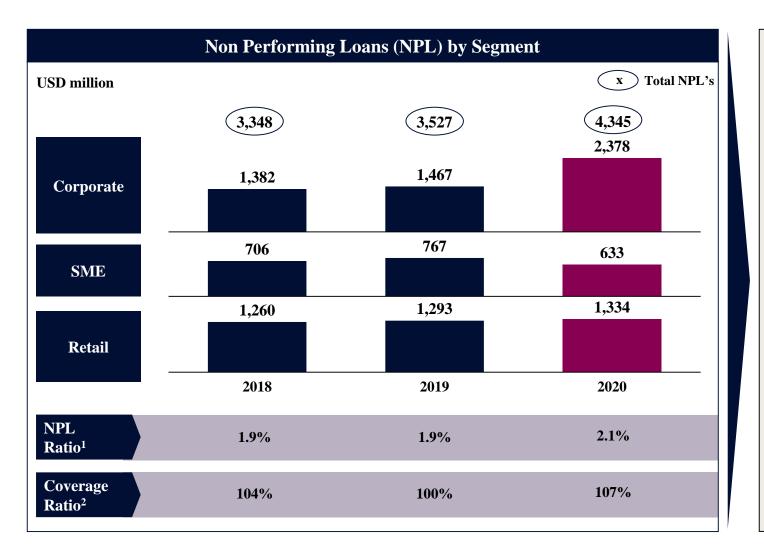
Loans Analysis (as at 31 December)



Loans increased 7% from December 2019
2015-2020 CAGR of 13%
Loans denominated in USD represent 55% of total loans
Loan exposures are of a high quality with 35% concentration to Government and public sector entities



High quality lending portfolio is underpinned by low NPL ratios Asset Quality Analysis (as at 31 December)

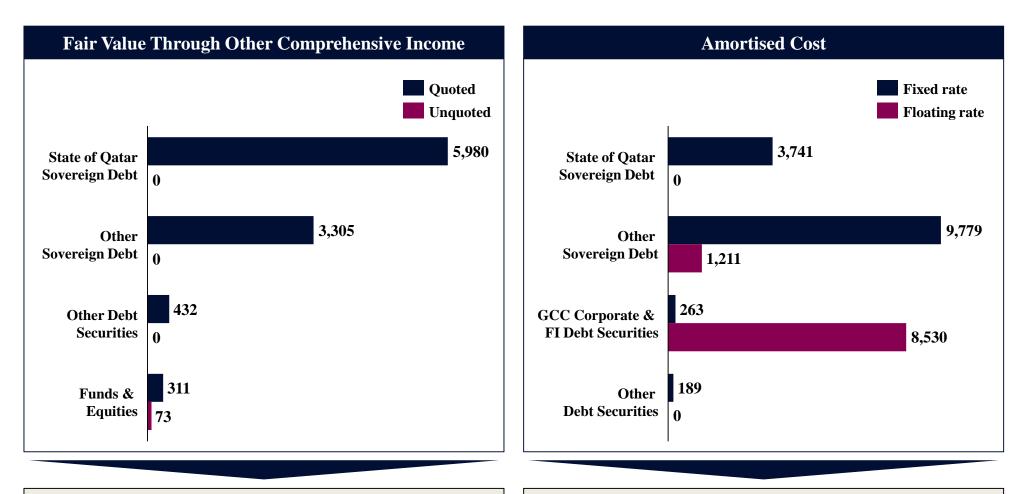


- QNB has continued to increase its provisions in response to the global economic situation as a result of COVID-19 pandemic
- The bank's coverage ratio has remained robust amidst the economic slowdown, with a coverage of 107% as at 31 December 2020
- Past dues are NPL after 90 days default
- There is an additional risk reserve of USD2,472 million which is greater than the 2.5% QCB requirements



Source: December 2020 Financial Report 1: % of NPLs over gross loans excluding interest receivables 2: % of provisions over NPLs (Stage 3 only)

High quality investment portfolio with 71% of securities rated AA or Sovereign Investments Analysis (USD million as at 31 December 2020)



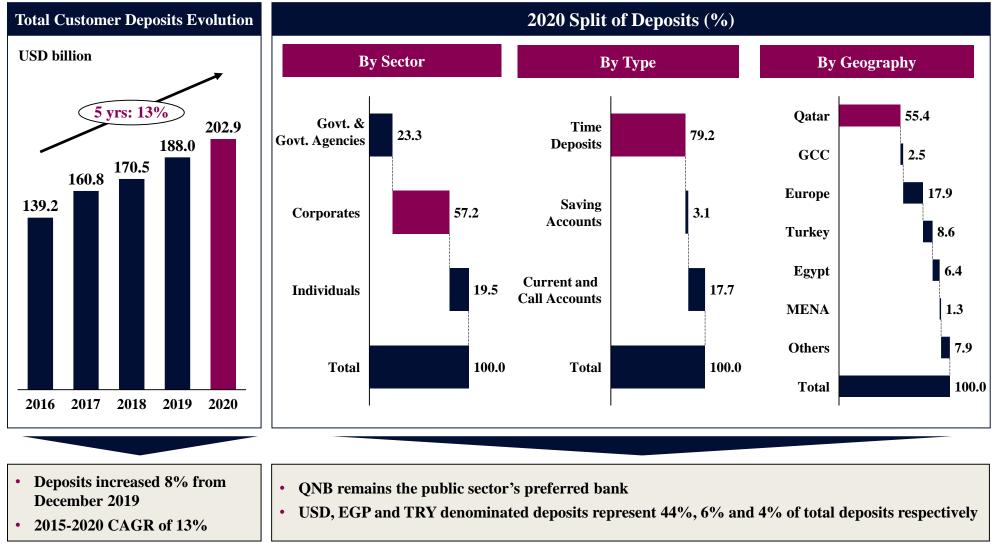
• Quoted securities account for 99% of FVOCI Investment securities

Good mix of both fix and floating rates securities



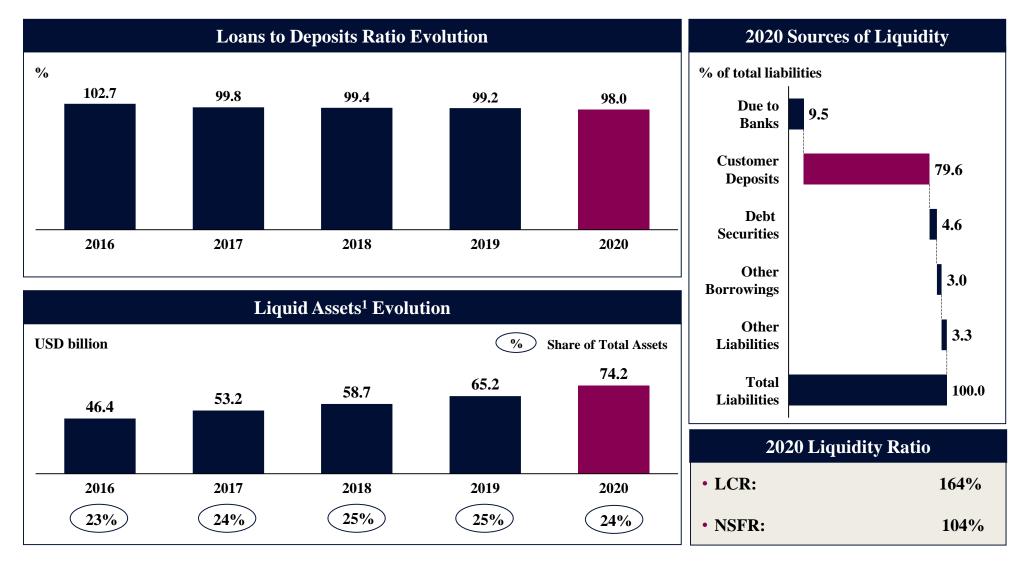
Robust growth in customer deposits and funding

Funding Analysis (as at 31 December)





Solid liquidity profile Liquidity Analysis (as at 31 December)



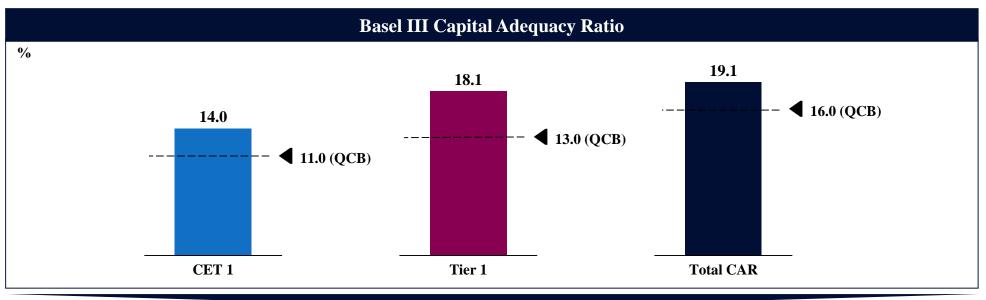


Source: December 2020 Financial Report

1: Liquid Assets calculated as the sum of Cash and Balances with Central Bank, Due from Banks and Investment Securities

Strong capital adequacy ratio maintained above both QCB and Basel III requirements

Capital Analysis (as at 31 December)

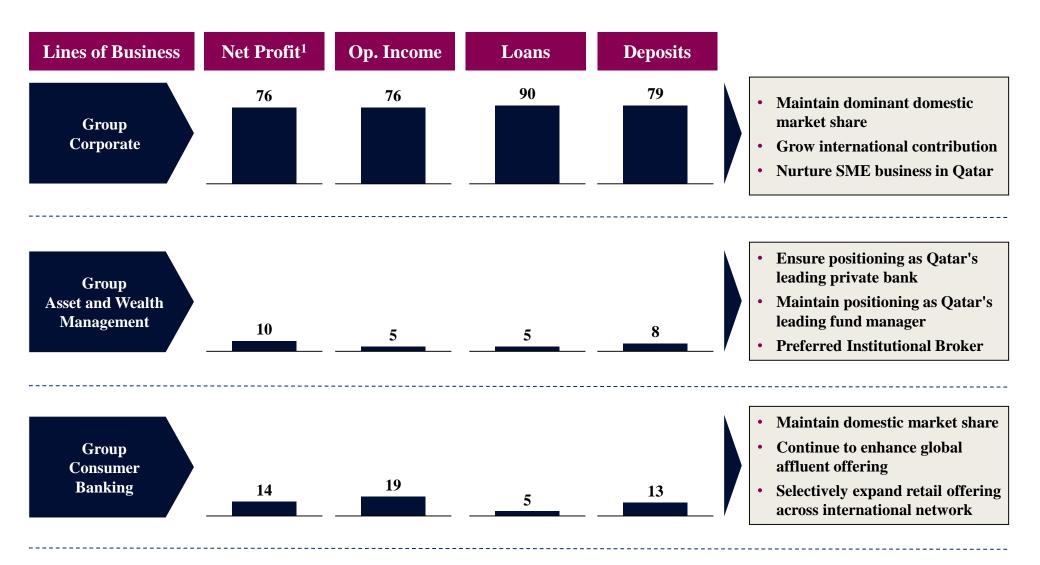


• Capital adequacy ratio is above QCB and Basel III requirements including the applicable DSIB buffer of 2.5% (effective 01-Jan-19)

Minimum CAR Requirements								
%	Without buffers	Capital Conservation Buffer DSIB Charge		ICAAP Charge	Total Requirement			
CET 1 ratio	6.0	2.5	2.5	-	11.0			
Tier 1 ratio	8.0	2.5	2.5	-	13.0			
Total CAR	10.0	2.5	2.5	1.0	16.0			



Diversifying business mix will bolster sustainable growth Business Mix Contribution (% share as at 31 December 2020)





IFRS 9 - Additional buffer for long term earnings stability

Financial Impacts

QNB implemented IFRS 9 with effect from 1 January 2018 based on the QCB guidelines.
As per QCB instructions, ECL impact has been treated as Tier 2 Capital for CAR purposes with no amortisation of the transition impact.

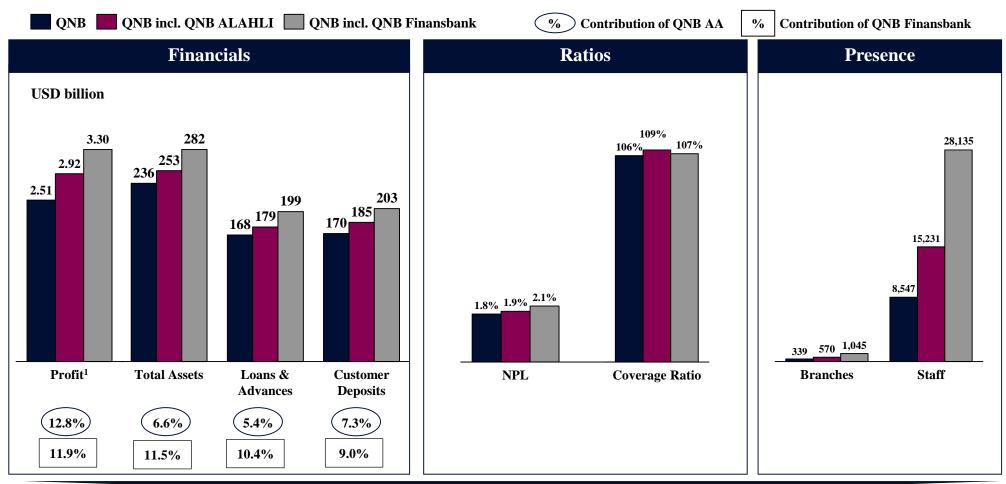
Coverage ratio ¹						
As of 31 December 2020	Stage1	Stage2	Stage3 (NPL)			
Due from Banks and Balances with Central Banks	0.04%	1.7%	-			
Loans	0.2%	7.4%	107.2%			
Investments	0.1%	16.8%	106.8%			

Cost of Risk ²						
<i>31 December 2020</i>	Stage1 and Stage 2 (Combined)	Stage3 (NPL)	Total			
Cost of Risk	18bps	62bps	80bps			



QNB Group Financials

Key data (as at 31 December 2020)



- Results finalised under International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)
- Capital Adequacy Ratio: 19.1%



Sustainability

QNB Group is committed to enhancing its Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) Practices



✓ Issued USD600 million tranche on 15 Sep 2020 in the form of Senior Unsecured Notes with a maturity of 5 years



Sustainability for QNB is the delivery of long-term value in financial, environmental, social and ethical terms, for the benefit of our stakeholders

QNB Group Sustainability Framework

Our sustainability framework consists of three pillars:

Sustainable finance is the integration of ESG criteria into QNB's financing activities to deliver profit with purpose.

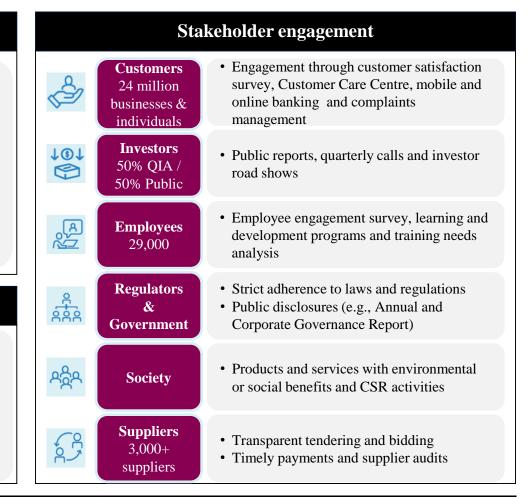
Sustainable operations is the integration of ESG criteria into our business operations and across our supply chain

Beyond banking refers to QNB's Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) activities in the communities where we operate.

The pillars support our sustainable financial performance, through reducing risks, opening up new business opportunities and strengthening our brand.

QNB 2019 Sustainability highlights

- 29% women Group Executive Management
- 23 sustainable financial products and services offered to customers
- + 20% reduction in carbon intensity (CO₂/ employee) since 2015
- QR 21.1 billion loan portfolio to SMEs and microenterprises
- 41% transactions completed via digital channels
- 2.8% community investment as a % of pre-tax profit



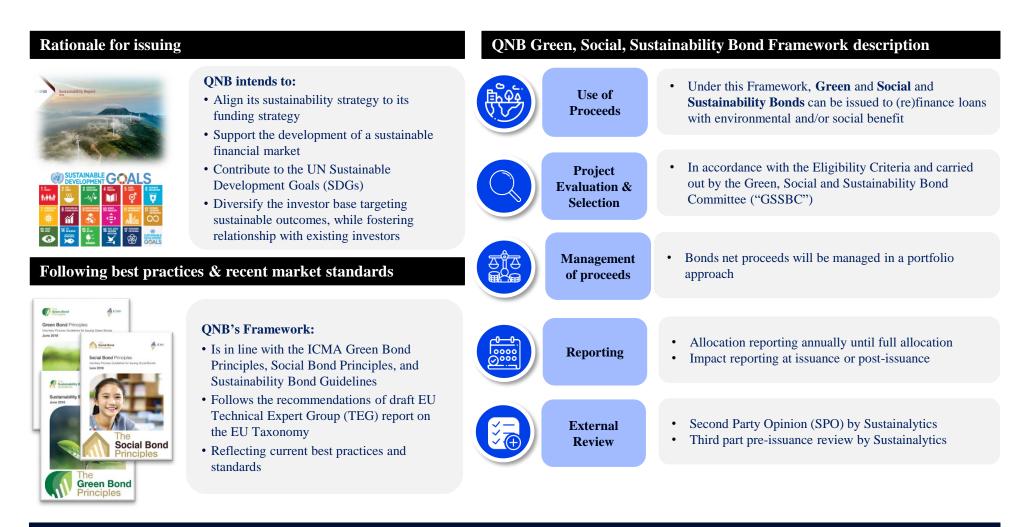
The 2019 highlights are published in our 2019 Sustainability Report available here:

https://www.qnb.com/sites/qnb/qnbqatar/page/en/enesgreportsanddisclosures.html



Introduction to QNB Green, Social and Sustainability Bond Framework

Defining an ambitious Framework, in line with best practices and standards



QNB's Framework is aligned with the ICMA Green Bond Principles, Social Bond Principles and Sustainability Bond Guidelines



QNB Green and Social "Use of Proceeds"

Applying strict Eligibility Criteria when selecting green and/or social projects



Green Bond Use of Proceeds



Green Buildings New and existing certified buildings, top 15% most energy efficient buildings, refurbished buildings with 30% improvement in energy efficiency



Renewable Energy Wind, Solar, Hydro (less than 25MW), Bioenergy, Geothermal, Tidal, Grid infrastructure for renewable energy



Clean Transportation Low carbon vehicles (EVs, hybrid, hydrogen) and related infrastructure (Electric Rail, EV charge points)



Energy Efficiency District heating & cooling, Smart grids, energy meters and improvements to electricity transmission efficiency



Sustainable management of living natural resources and land Sustainable and certified agriculture, forestry and fishery



Sustainable water and wastewater management Waste water treatment, sustainable urban drainage systems, improvements to water infrastructure



Pollution Prevention and Control Waste management and recycling, waste to energy and technologies to reduce emissions to air



Social Bond Use of Proceeds



Access to essential services Public, not-for-profit, free or subsidised essential services such as healthcare and education



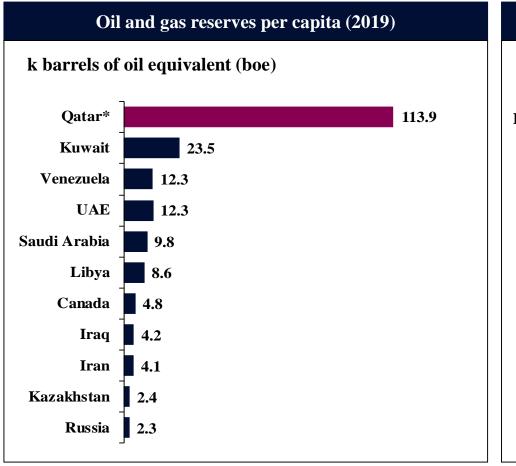
Socio-economic advancement and empowerment Loans to SMEs, microfinance and entrepreneur clients

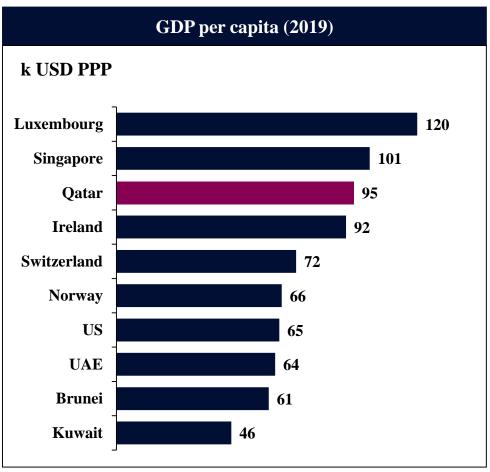


Social Housing development, construction, operation and maintenance of affordable or social housing

Economic Overview

Qatar's hydrocarbon wealth makes it one of the world's richest country



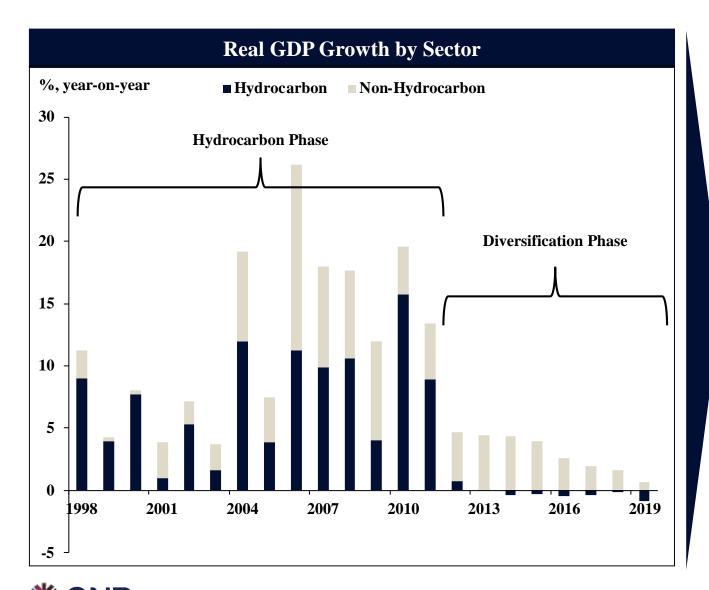


At current extraction rates, Qatar's proven gas reserves would last for over a hundred years

Development of the hydrocarbon sector has made Qatar one of the world's richest country



* Qatar gas reserve numbers have increased substantially following the announcement from the Ministry of Energy in December 2019 Sources: British Petroleum, International Monetary Fund, QNB analysis Qatar accumulated large reserves during its hydrocarbon expansion and is now using these reserves to diversify the economy through major investments





Qatar's National Vision 2030 aims to create a knowledge based and diversified economy

Qatar's fundamentals resilient



• Trade routes have been diversified

Financial Soundness Indicators (2017-2019, %)

Capital Adequacy	2017	2018	2019
Tier 1 capital/risk-weighted assets	16.5	17	17.5
Regulatory capital/risk-weighted assets	16.8	18	18.5
Asset Quality			
Non-performing loans/total loans	1.6	1.9	1.8
Liquidity			
Liquid assets/total assets	28.2	29.1	30.2
Total loans/total deposits	108.8	114.1	120.1
Total loans/total assets	67.1	66.6	67.3
Profitability			
Return on assets	1.5	1.6	1.6
Return on equity	13.9	15.3	15.8

- Financial system remains resilient and healthy
- Capital adequacy and asset quality improved in 2019



Qatar's National Vision 2030 is supported by a large infrastructure investment programme

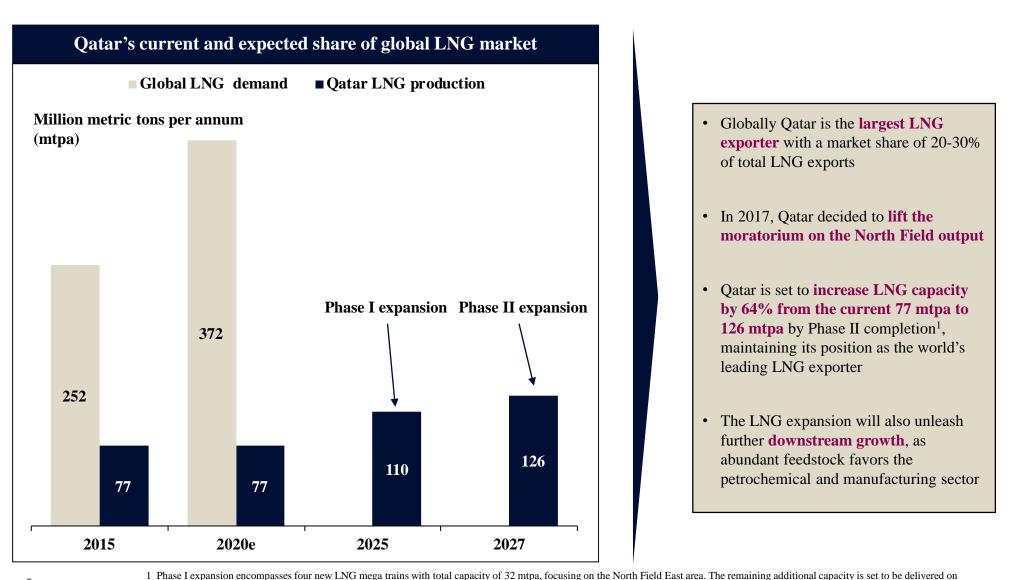
Major Projects Pipeline as of September 2020						
	Project	End				
Cons- truction	Lusail Mixed-Use Development	2022				
	Economic Free Zones	2025				
	FIFA World Cup Stadiums	2022				
	Sharq Crossing	2024				
Transport	Qatar Integrated Rail	2026				
	Ashghal Expressway Programme	2022				
	Ashghal Local Roads & Drainage	2023				
	Hamad International Airport	2023				
	Hamad Port	2023				

Comments

- New investment sectors are opening up to support self sufficiency and long-term growth
- Focus areas for investment are the transport, construction, logistics and manufacturing sectors
- In parallel to the diversification phase, new investment opportunities are expected to arise from the increase in LNG production over the medium-term



Qatar is set to significantly increase its LNG production, boosting domestic growth while maintaining its position as the world's largest exporter



the Phase II expansion, with two new LNG mega trains to be delivered in a project that focus on the North Field South area Sources: Bloomberg, Goldman Sachs, QNB analysis

Qatar is one of the highest rated sovereigns in the world, ranking above a number of advanced economies

	Moody's Sovereign Ratings ¹								
	AAA	US, Germany, Canada, Australia, N Zealand, Switz'nd, Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Neth'lands, Lux'bourg, Singapore							
	Aa1 Austria, Finland								
4	Aa2	France, South Korea, Faroe Islands Qatar, UK, Belgium, Czech, Hong Kong, Taiwan, Macau, Cayman Islands, Isle of Man							
Investment Grade	Aa3								
nt G	A1	Chile, China, Japan, Saudi Arabia, Estonia Bermuda, Iceland, Slovakia, Poland, Botswana, Ireland, Malta Latvia, Lithuania, Malaysia, Peru, Slovenia Mexico, Spain, Thailand, Mauritius, Panama, Bulgaria							
stme	A2								
nves	A3								
Π	Baa1								
	Baa2	Indonesia, Uruguay, Philippines, Colombia							
	Baa3 India, Italy, Portugal, Hungary, Kazakhstan, Romania, Russia								
	Non-Investment Grade								
Ba1	Ba	Ba2Ba3B1B2B3Caa1Caa2Caa3CaC							C



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- These statements typically contain words such as "expects" and "anticipates" and words of similar import.
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