

# Investor Relations Presentation September 2024







# **Contents**

- 1.QNB at a Glance
- 2. QNB Comparative Positioning Qatar and MEA
- 3. Financial Highlights
- 4. Sustainability
- 5. Economic Overview



**QNB** at a Glance

## QNB is a strong and highly rated bank with international footprint



Solid financial strength		Top-tier credit ratings		
USD 43.0 Bn	USD 3.49 Bn	A+	Aa2	
Market Cap.	Net Profit <sup>2</sup>	Standard & Poor's	Moody's	
USD 351.4 Bn	USD 0.35	AA	A+	
Assets	EPS	Capital Intelligence	Fitch	



**#1 bank in the Middle East and Africa across all balance sheet metrics** 



International network with presence in more than 28 countries



Most valuable banking brand in the Middle East and Africa, worth USD 8.4 Bn<sup>1</sup>



About 31,000 employees operating from more than 900 locations



Geographically Diversified Financial Position Leading Domestic Presence

Leading Regional Presence

Experienced Management Team



Strong Operating Performance and Financial Position

Strong Credit Ratings

Exposure to High-Value Transactions Strong Qatari Government Support



Source: Financial Statements

1: Brand Finance ® 2024

2: Profit Attributable to Equity Holders of the Bank

## **QNB's International Footprint**

#### **Sub-Saharan Africa**



South Sudan: (1 Branch)



Togo: (650 Branches<sup>3</sup> across Africa, though 20.1% stake in Ecobank)

#### **Asia**



Indonesia: (8 Branches, 95.63% stake





Singapore: (1 Branch)



India: (1 Branch)



China / Hong Kong: (1 Representative





Vietnam: (1 Representative office)

#### **North Africa**



Egypt: (234 Branches, 95.0% stake in QNB Egypt)



Libya: (11 Representative office)



Tunisia: (29 Branches, 99.99% stake in QNB Tunisia)



Sudan: (1 Branch)



Algeria: (91 Branches)

### Middle East

Qatar: (48 Branches)



KSA: (2 Branches)



**UAE:** (61 +11 Branches, 40.0% stake



Syria: (8 +241 Branches, 50.8% stake





Palestine: (15<sup>1</sup> Branches)



Iraq: (8 +11 Branches, 54.2% stake in Mansour Bank)



Oman: (5 Branches)



Bahrain: (11 +11 Branch)



Kuwait: (1 Branch)





Lebanon: (1 Branch)



Yemen: (1 Branch)



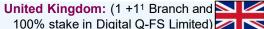
Iran: (1 Representative office<sup>2</sup>)



Jordan: (1041 +31) Branches, 38.6% stake in Housing Bank of Trade & Finance)



#### Europe















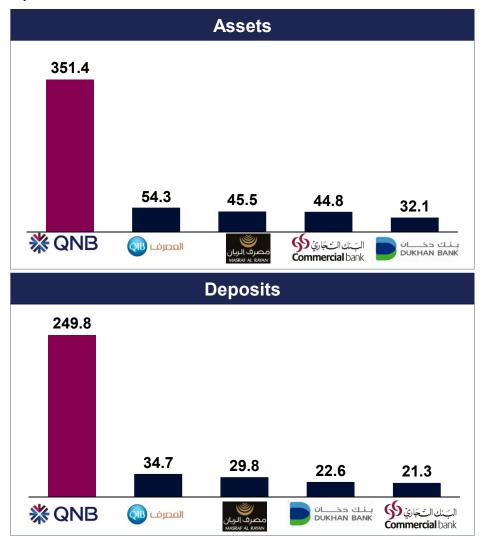


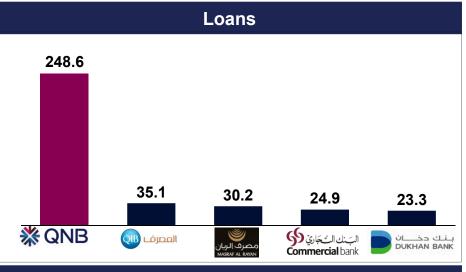


QNB Comparative
Positioning – Qatar and
MEA

## **Top 5 Listed Domestic Banks – September 2024**

#### QNB continues to excel in the domestic market





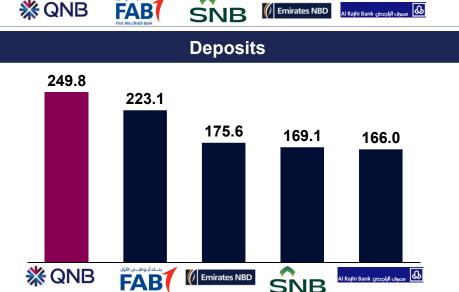


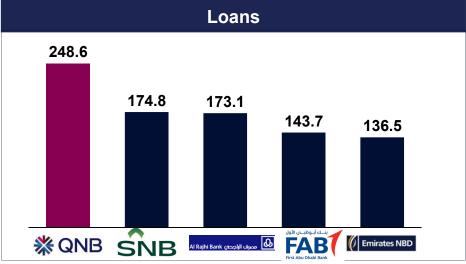


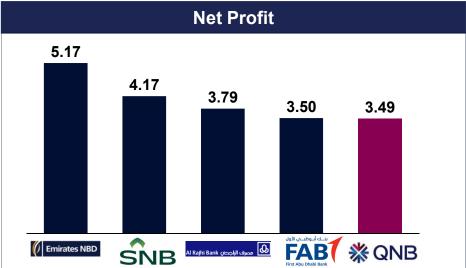
## **Top 5 Listed MEA Banks – September 2024**

QNB maintains its position as the leading bank in the region across all balance sheet categories









# QNB is the leading financial institution in the MEA region with regards to brand value

**Brand value (USD Bn)** 



#### **Key highlights**

- QNB retains the most valuable Banking Brand in Middle East and Africa region
- 2024 Brand Value for Group increased to USD 8.4 billion
- Brand Strength Index (BSI) for QNB Group increased to 86 from 85.2
- In the 2024 Global Banking Brands League Tables, QNB rank moved up 5 places to 40<sup>th</sup> position
- In the 2024 Global 500 Brands (all categories), QNB moved up 15 places to 259<sup>th</sup> position from 290<sup>th</sup> spot from 2023



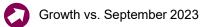
Source: Brand Finance ® 2024



**Financial Highlights** 

# QNB Group demonstrate sustainable growth

Financial Highlights (as at 30 September 2024)



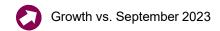
• Net interest margin (NIM)2: 2.63% Profit<sup>1</sup> USD3.49 billion Cost to income ratio: 22.4% Earnings per share: **USD 0.35**  USD351.4 billion assets • NPL (% of gross loans): 3.0% **Assets**  Coverage ratio<sup>3</sup>: 100% USD248.6 billion loans +11% USD249.8 billion deposits **Funding** · Loans to deposits ratio: 99.5% Capital adequacy ratio: 19.5% **Equity**  USD31.0 billion equity (QCB Basel III Reforms)



- 1: Profit Attributable to Equity Holders of the Bank
- 2: Net interest margin calculated as net interest income over average interest earnings assets
- 3: Based on Stage 3 provisions, excluding interest accrued

## QNB Egypt<sup>1</sup>

#### Financial Highlights (as at 30 September 2024)



Profit<sup>2</sup>

USD408.5 million (EGP17.9 billion)



• Net interest margin (NIM)3: 6.26%

 Cost to income ratio: 21.0%

**Assets** 

 USD16.6 billion assets (EGP799.3 billion)



-14%

(+35%)

 USD6.7 billion loans (EGP321.9 billion)



-16% (+30%) • NPL (% of gross loans): 5.5%

 Coverage ratio<sup>4</sup>: 79%

**Funding** 

 USD14.0 billion deposits (EGP674.9 billion)



(+36%)

 Loans to deposits ratio: 47.7%

**Equity** 

**WARRIED** QNB

 USD1.7 billion equity (EGP83.2 billion)



 Capital adequacy ratio: (QCB Basel II)

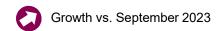
23.5%

Source: QNB Egypt under International Financial Reporting Standards

- 1. Formerly known as QNB ALAHLI
- 2. Profit Attributable to Equity Holders of the Bank
- 3: Net interest margin calculated as net interest income over average earnings assets on a standalone basis

#### **QNB FINANSBANK**

#### Financial Highlights (as at 30 September 2024)



Profit<sup>1</sup>

USD29.0 million (TRY1.0 billion)



 Net interest margin (NIM)<sup>2</sup>: 7.00%

 Cost to income ratio: 35.5%

**Assets** 

 USD41.8 billion assets (TRY1,429 billion)



+25%

(+56%)

 USD24.6 billion loans (TRY841.4 billion)



+26% (+57%) • NPL (% of gross loans): 2.2%

 Coverage ratio<sup>3</sup>: 103%

**Funding** 

 USD24.6 billion deposits (TRY842.0 billion)



+17% (+46%)

 Loans to deposits ratio: 99.9%

**Equity** 

 USD3.7 billion equity (TRY126.7 billion)



+24%

 Capital adequacy ratio: (QCB Basel III)

After BRSA Relaxation Measures

14.4%

15.9%



- 1: Profit Attributable to Equity Holders of the Bank
- 2: Net interest margin calculated as net interest income over average earnings assets on a standalone basis

## **Enpara Digital Bank (pro-forma standalone operations)**

Financial Highlights (as at 30 September 2024)



Growth vs. September 2023

Profit<sup>(1)</sup>

USD255.2 million (TRY8.7 billion) 25%<sup>(2)</sup> of QNB Finansbank



**+26%** (+57%)

Cost to income ratio:

20.6%

Net Interest Margin (NIM):

10.2%

**Assets** 

 USD2.5 billion loans (TRY86.2 billion)
 10% of QNB Finansbank



**+21%** (+51%)

• NPL (% of gross loans): 4.6%

• Retail Loans Market Share<sup>(3)</sup>: 4.4%

• Credit Cards Market Share<sup>(3)</sup>: 3.1%

**Funding** 

 USD4.2 billion deposits (TRY143.1 billion)
 17% of QNB Finansbank



**+46%** (+82%) • Loans to deposits ratio: 60.2%

• Retail Deposits Market Share<sup>(3)</sup>: 2.4%

**Clients** 

7.1 million registered clients



+28%

Average Daily Logins: 3.7 million

 Digital Onboarding Market Share

12.0%

**\*** QNB

Enpara is currently the Digital Banking division of QNB Finansbank. Enpara balances are still included in QNB Finansbank while Enpara is undergoing spin-off process. The above are selected financial highlights of these operations:

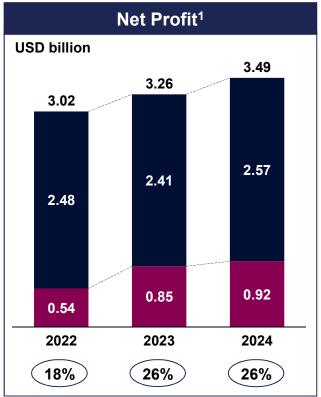
(1) Profit Before Tax

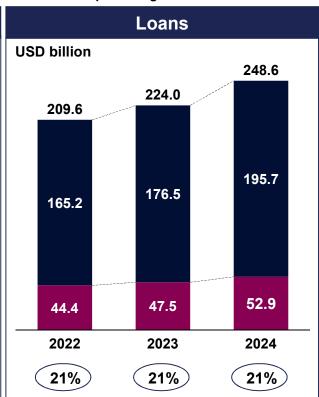
(3) Market share among privately owned banks

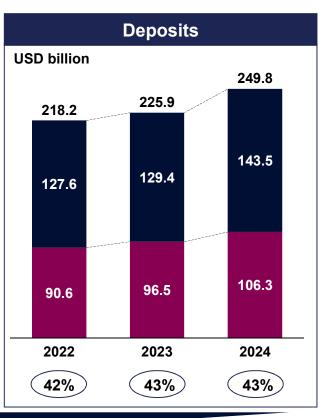
# Strong domestic franchise with widespread geographical footprint contributes to diversification and growth

Geographical Contribution (as at 30 September)







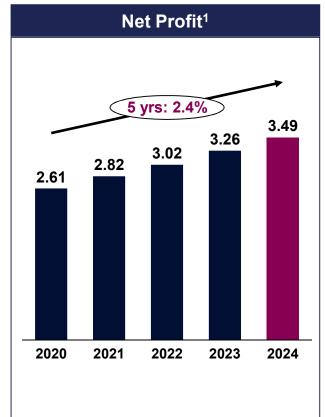


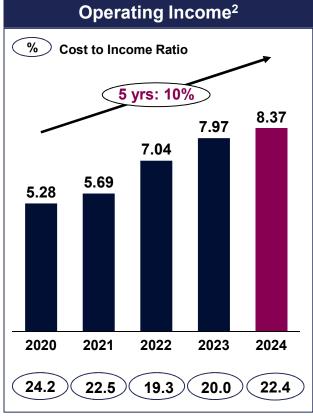
- Profit from international operations increased by USD0.39 Bn (72%) from 2022 to 2024
- Loans from Intl operations increased by USD8.4 Bn (19%) from 2022 to 2024
- Deposits from Intl operations increased by USD15.7 Bn (17%) from 2022 to 2024

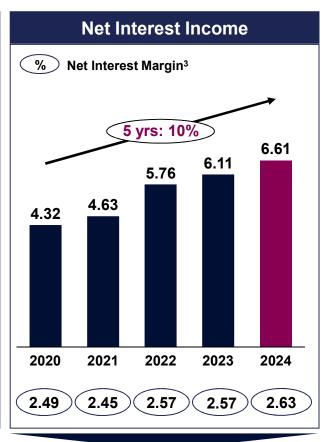


## **Consistent Profitability and Cost Discipline**

Income Statement Breakdown (USD billion as at 30 September)







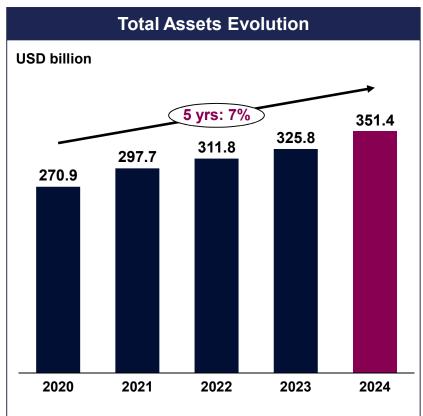
- Net Profit increased by 7.1% from September 2023
- Operating income increased by 5% from September 2023
- Best-in-class efficiency

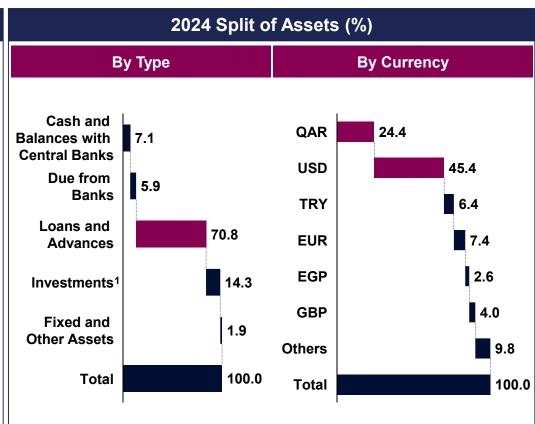
- NII increased by 8% from 2023
- Strong NIM with the current size of USD350 billion of total assets



- 1: Profit Attributable in Equity Holders of the Bank
- 2: Operating Income includes Share of Results of Associates
- 3: Net interest margin calculated as net interest income over average interest earning assets

# Asset growth driven by lending activities mainly in USD and QAR Assets Analysis (as at 30 September)





- Assets increased by 8% from September 2023
- Loans and advances represent 71% of total assets
- USD and QAR currencies account for about 70% of total assets

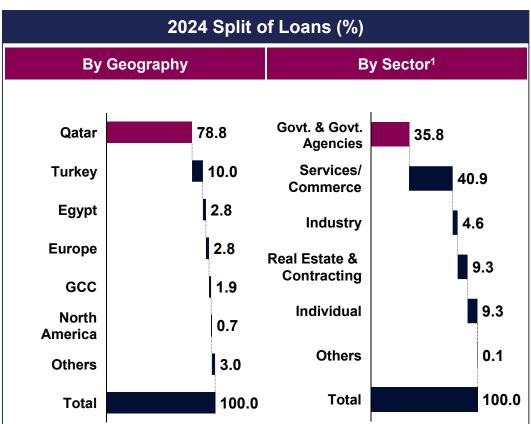




#### Stable loan momentum

Loan Analysis (as at 30 September)



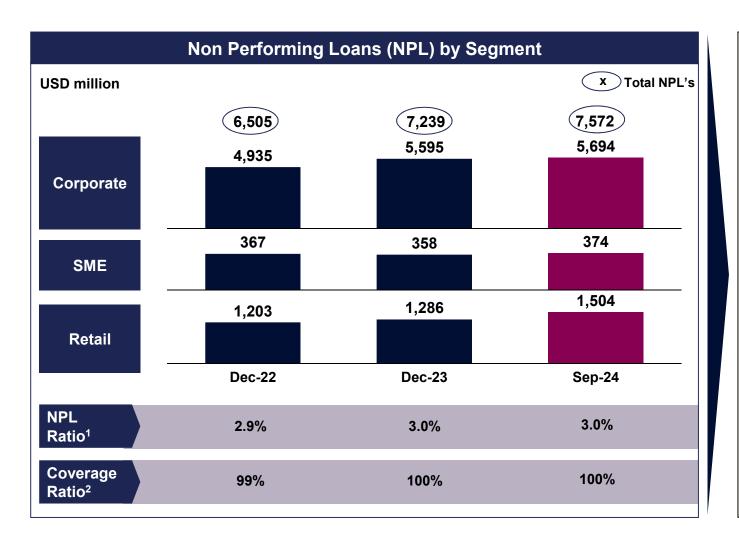


- Loans increased by 11% compared to September 2023
- Loans denominated in USD represent 63% of total loans
- Loan exposures are of a high quality with 36% concentration to Government and public sector entities





## High quality lending portfolio is underpinned by low NPL ratios **Asset Quality Analysis**



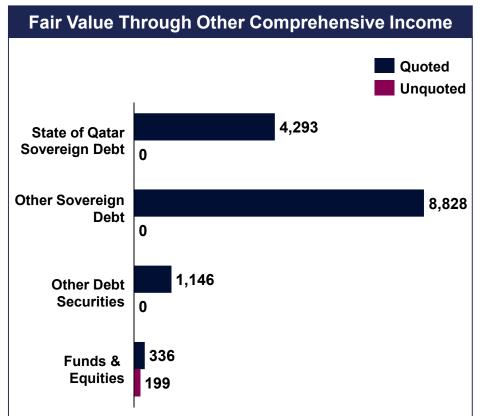
- QNB has continued to increase its provisions in response to the global economic situation on account of economic headwinds and uncertainties
- The bank's coverage ratio has remained robust amidst the economic slowdown, with a coverage of 100% as at September 2024
- Past dues are NPL after 90 days default
- There is an additional risk reserve of USD3,296 million which is greater than the 2.5% QCB requirements

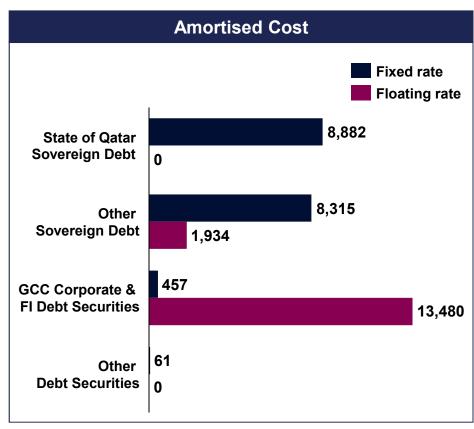


<sup>1: %</sup> of NPLs over gross loans excluding interest receivables

# High quality investment portfolio with 67% of securities rated AA or Sovereign

**Investments Analysis (USD million as at September 2024)** 





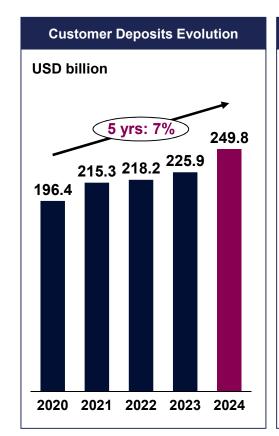
- Quoted securities account for 99% of FVOCI Investment securities
- Good mix of both fixed and floating rates securities

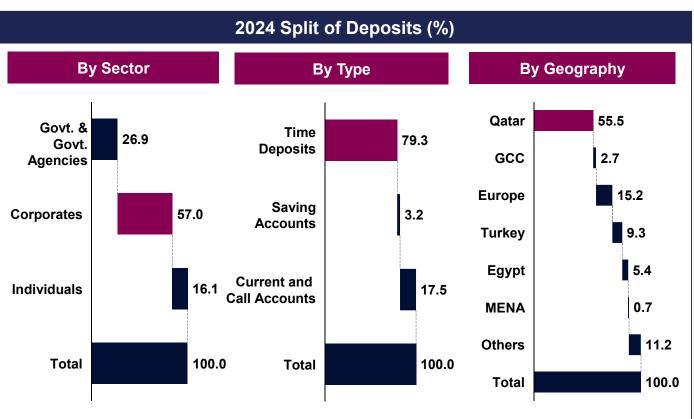




## Robust growth in customer deposits and funding

Funding Analysis (as at 30 September)





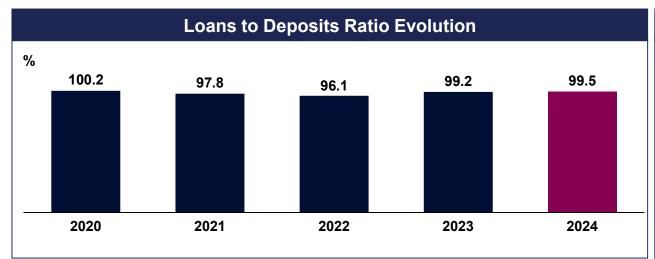
Deposits increased by 11% from September 2023

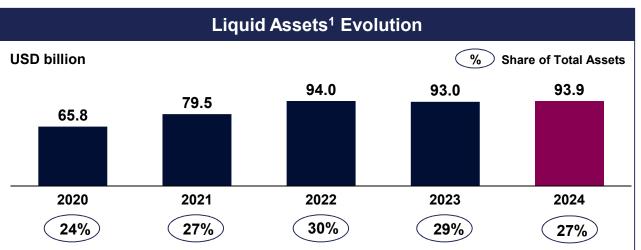
- QNB remains the public sector's preferred bank
- USD, EGP and TRY denominated deposits represent 46%, 4% and 7% of total deposits respectively

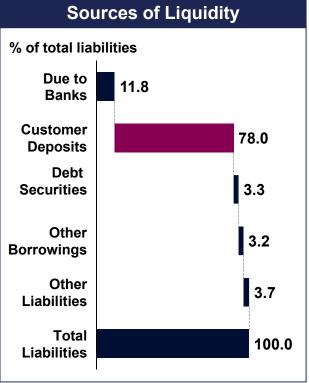


## Solid liquidity profile

#### **Liquidity Analysis (as at 30 September)**







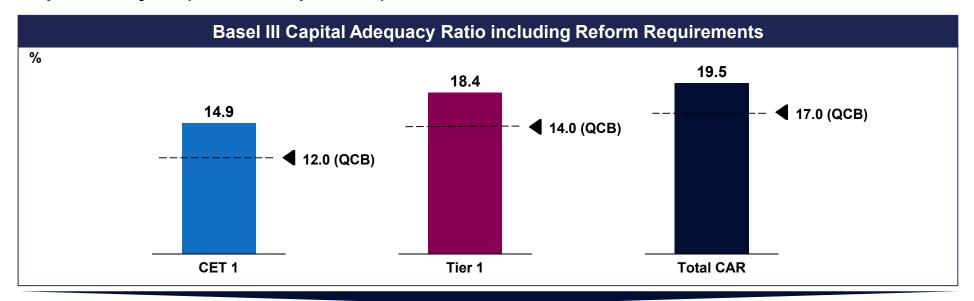
Key QCB Liquidity Ratios <sup>2</sup>		
QCB LCR	154%	
QCB NSFR	104%	



<sup>1:</sup> Liquid Assets calculated as the sum of Cash and Balances with Central Bank, Due from Banks and Investment Securities

# Strong capital adequacy ratio maintained above both QCB and Basel III reform requirements

Capital Analysis (as at 30 September)



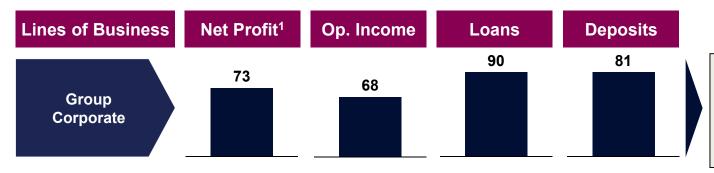
Capital adequacy ratio is above QCB and Basel III reform requirements including the applicable DSIB¹ buffer of 3.5%

Minimum CAR Requirements					
%	Without buffers	Capital Conservation Buffer	DSIB Charge <sup>1</sup>	ICAAP Charge	Total Requirement
CET 1 ratio	6.0	2.5	3.5	-	12.0
Tier 1 ratio	8.0	2.5	3.5	-	14.0
Total CAR	10.0	2.5	3.5	1.0	17.0

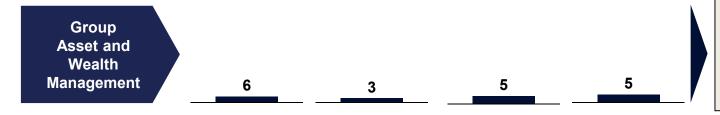


## Diversifying business mix bolsters sustainable growth

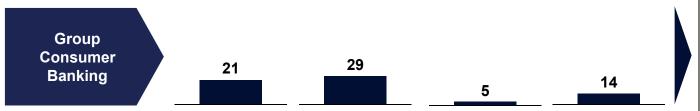
**Business Mix Contribution (% share as at 30 September)** 



- Maintain dominant domestic market share
- Grow international contribution
- Nurture SME business in Qatar



- Ensure positioning as Qatar's leading private bank
- Maintain positioning as Qatar's leading fund manager
- Preferred Institutional Broker



- Maintain domestic market share
- Continue to enhance global affluent offering
- Selectively expand retail offering across international network





# IFRS 9 – Additional buffers for earnings stability

#### **Financial Impacts**

- QNB implemented IFRS 9 with effect from 1 January 2018 based on the QCB guidelines.
- As per QCB instructions, ECL impact has been treated as Tier 2 Capital for CAR purposes with no amortisation of the transition impact.

Coverage ratio <sup>1</sup>				
September 2024	Stage1	Stage 2	Stage 3	
Due from Banks and Balances with Central Banks	0.2%	0.4%	84.5%	
Loans	0.3%	11.6%	100.0%	
Investments	0.1%	10.5%	92.2%	
Off balance sheet	0.2%	5.9%	80.7%	

Cost of Risk for Lending <sup>2</sup>				
September 2024	Stage 1 & Stage 2	Stage 3 (NPL)	Total	
Cost of Risk	2 bps	79 bps	81 bps	



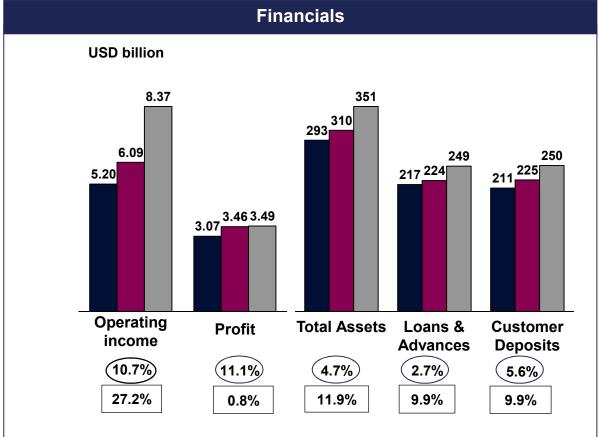
# **QNB Group Financials**

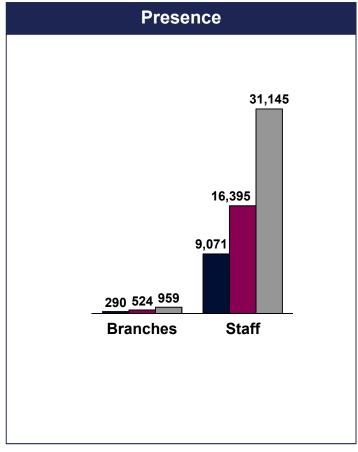
**Key data (as at September 2024)** 

Contribution of QNB Egypt

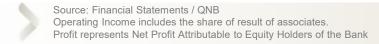
QNB excluding QNB Egypt and QNB Finansbank QNB incl. QNB Egypt QNB incl. QNB Finansbank

Contribution of QNB Finansbank











Sustainability

# Sustainability entails delivering positive impact in the pillars and topics of Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG)

#### Universal sustainability topics mapped against the pillars of ESG

**Environmental ESG Pillars** Social Governance Climate change Human rights Board oversight Carbon emissions Labour practices Gender diversity **Business** ethics Talent management Resource scarcity Sustainability Code of conduct Energy efficiency Inclusion and diversity topics Consumption Data privacy Cyber security Waste Community investment Controversies



# QNB engages key stakeholder groups to formulate, prioritise and report upon the sustainability topics most material to them

**Define Sustainability strategy** and framework to address material topics

**Map material topics** to ESG frameworks (e.g., UNSDGs2

Prioritise impacts based on significance and determine material topics



Engage stakeholder groups<sup>1</sup> to identify QNB impacts on economy, environment and people, including human rights 2.3

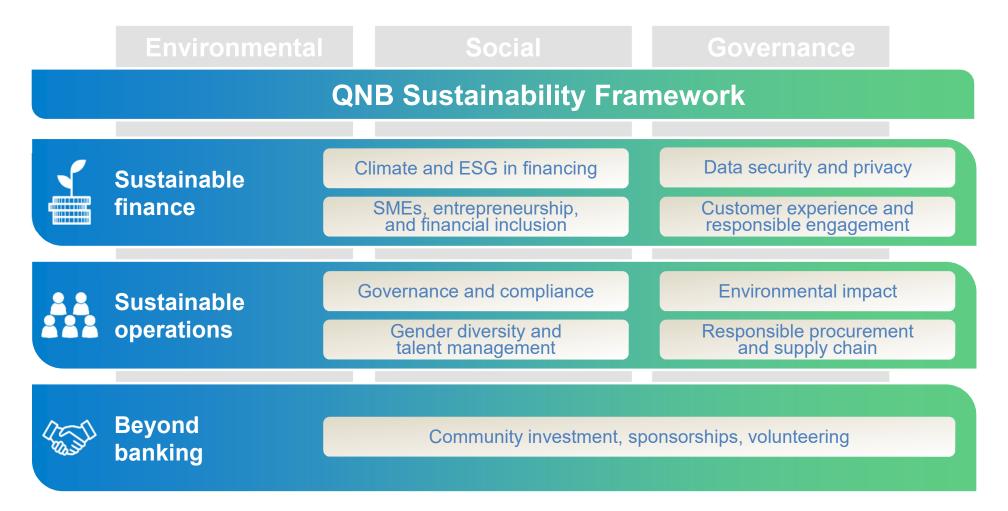




Based upon this approach, QNB has compiled a comprehensive list of relevant economic, ethical, social and environmental impact areas



# QNB has established its sustainability framework and strategy along the pillars of ESG to actively and positively address material topics





# QNB has delivered and achieved a number of key ESG milestones across all areas of our sustainability framework

As at 30 June 2024

Non-exhaustive



## Sustainable finance

Transition to Greener **Economy** 



USD 9 Bn of sustainable financing



Sustainable Finance and Product Framework



ESRM1, climate scenarios, scope 3 emissions



37 sustainable products and services



## Sustainable operations

**Operate to Succeed** 



Independent GRI assurance for **GRI** and KPIs



UNGC, PCAF, UNEP FI, UN WEP Signatory<sup>2</sup>



Carbon reduction initiatives



Employee & third-party focus



## **Beyond** banking

**Contribute to Society** 

Health and Environment



Youth and Education



Social and Sport and Humanitarian



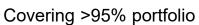
# Sustainable finance at a glance

As at 30 June 2024

Non-exhaustive

#### **Financing**

# Climate scenarios, PCAF member, Scope 3 financed emissions





#### USD 9 Bn

Sustainable financing portfolio, including environmentally friendly, low carbon activities



#### **Customer experience**

#### 87%

Digital transactions (online & mobile as a % of total)



# Award-winning SFPF<sup>1</sup>

Market-leading and comprehensive ESG financing framework



#### **USD 3.8 Bn**

Value of loan portfolio to SMEs and microenterprises



#### 0

Data security breaches



# Limited high-risk sector exposure

Direct exposure to highrisk sectors<sup>2</sup> limited to approx. 1% of total loan book



#### 37

Number of sustainable financial products and services offered to customers



#### **79**

Net Promoter Score (NPS) achieved in Qatar







# QNB is proactively addressing both climate risk and opportunities in its governance, financing and engagement activities

#### **Evaluating and managing risks**

- Group governance in line with TCFD
- ESRM: exclusions, sector guidelines, prohibited activities, risk categorisation
- Climate portfolio analysis, including physical and transition risk
- Baseline Scope 3 financed emissions
- First PCAF member in Qatar (June 2024)











Our direct exposure to high-risk sectors<sup>2</sup> is approximately **1% of loan book** 

#### Identifying and capturing opportunities

- Market leading Sustainable Finance and Product Framework
- Targets, KPIs, link to Executive and employee compensation
- Client and market dialogue and engagement
- Partnerships and collaboration
- Industry standards and developments























# QNB's SFPF<sup>1</sup> is the first of its type in Qatar, market leading in region, and aligned with international principles

Framework and SPO





- QNB Group Sustainable Finance and Product Framework (SFPF)
- ISS Corporate Solutions Second Party Opinion (SPO)

SFPF scope

Classification

#### **Sustainable Finance**

**Green/ Social Activities** 

Dedicated Green/
Social <u>Use of</u>
Proceeds (UoP)
activity or project

Financing <u>"Pure</u> Play" company

>90% revenue from Green/ Social UoP

International principles, taxonomies, and guidelines













Green Loan
Principles Social Loan
Principles



#### Sustainability-Linked

Financing with Sustainability-Linked pricing component





Sustainability-Linked Loan Principles

#### Transition Finance<sup>2</sup>

Financing for "Hardto-abate" sectors<sup>2</sup> to <u>transition</u> business practices

Non-green sectors











# QNB's SFPF is aligned with international taxonomies, eligibility criteria, and standards to enable and drive ESG and climate financing

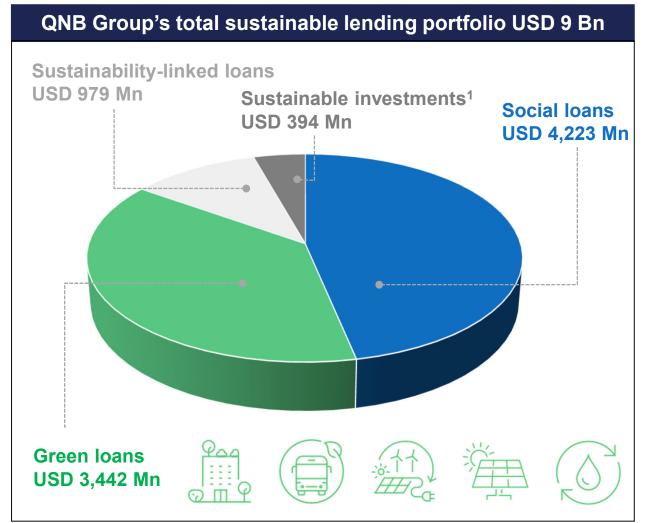
Sustainable Finance

#### **Transition** Sustainability-Finance<sup>1</sup> **Green/ Social Activities** Linked The Social Bond Principles The Green Bond Principles Ambitious and Credible climate relevant transition plan Sustainability **Performance** Paris aligned Social housing Renewable Green Access to essential Targets and KPIs energy building transporation services and/ or sciencebased climate Externally Eligibility targets verified criteria Criteria includes. Affordable basic Pandemic · KPIs include, infrastructure response Pollution Sustainable Energy e.g., prevention water and waste efficiency e.g., Decarbonisation and control water management - Reduction in technologies **GHG** emissions Socio-economic -Use of low GHG Employment advancement and Reduction in generation sustainable fuel empowerment energy -Switch to Circular Environmentally Climate change consumption sustainable adaptation economy electric or management of -Increase in living natural hydrogen Food security and resources and land renewable sustainable food systems engines energy



# QNB continues to leverage the SFPF and client engagement to further develop and grow its sustainability portfolio

As at 30 June 2024





Participation in sustainabilitylinked syndicated lending worth

**USD >15 Bn** 

with direct participation of over

**USD 979 Mn** 

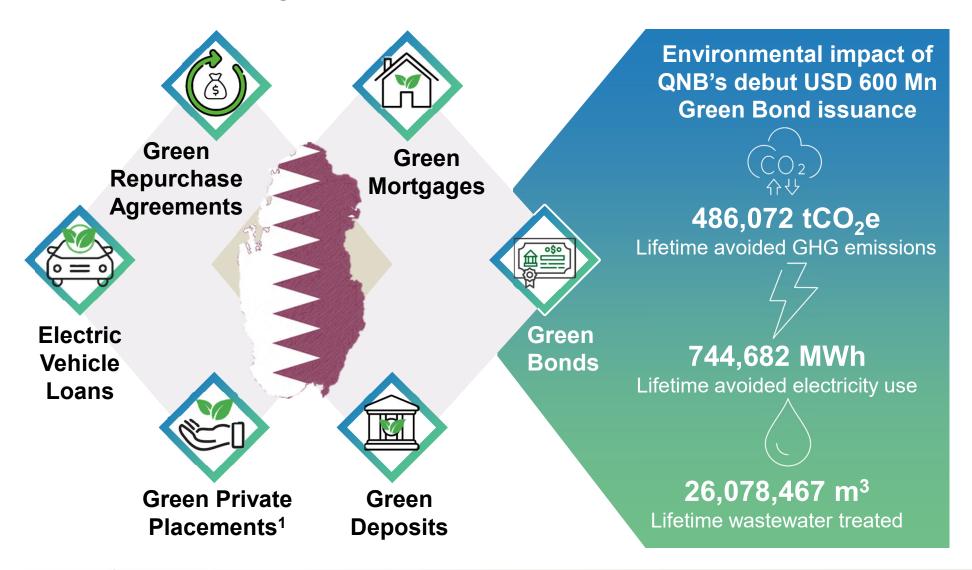
Green and Sustainable bond issuances

USD >1.1 Bn<sup>2</sup>





# QNB is recognised as a leader in sustainable financing, launching a number of pioneering products and transactions into the market





### Sustainable operations at a glance

As at 30 June 2024

Non-exhaustive

#### **Environmental impact**



100%

Energy from renewable sources in QNB Finansbank



14001 & 50001

ISO certifications for Environmental and Energy<sup>2</sup> Management



# 48% reduction in GHG emissions<sup>1</sup>

Total reductions since 2017

### Gender diversity



20%

% Women Board members in our subsidiaries



0.92

Female/ male pay ratio



33%

% Women in middle and senior management



48%

% Female employees

Deloitte & Touche Middle East provided independent limited assurance on:
Female employment rate, Percentage of female Board members in subsidiaries, and GHG
Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions



### Integrating ESG into our operations to align with international best practices and embed sustainability in our DNA

#### Commitment to global and regional frameworks















#### Focus on our people – employee value proposition



- Continued emphasis on diversity, inclusion, and nationalisation for our people and talent
- · Focus on learning and development, capabilities building, and succession



#### Independent assurance on reporting<sup>1</sup>









**Supplier Code** of Conduct



- Established Third Party Risk Management assessments
- Embedded Supplier Code of Conduct as part of centralised procurement requirement
- Conducted site visits and inspections for 100% of manpower suppliers<sup>2</sup> in Qatar



100% renewable energy sources for operations in Türkiye

• Installed solar energy stations in all owned, stand-alone,

**Enhancing Third Party Risk Management (TPRM)** 





buildings in Egypt

# QNB is recognised as a regional leader in climate financing and ESG initiatives through external ratings and international awards

As at 30 June 2024



Disclosures	2021	2022	2023	Rank (GCC Banks)
MSCI∰	AA First in GCC	Α	A	#1=
S&P Global	42 (62 <sup>nd</sup> percentile)	46 (83 <sup>rd</sup> percentile)	50 (85 <sup>th</sup> percentile)	#1
SUSTAINALYTICS	Medium risk (22.4)	Medium risk (22.9)	Medium risk (21.1)	#3
CDP	D	С	В	#1
Non-exhaustive	EFINANCE	<b>THROMONIA</b>	EFINANCEAL	
Forbes  THE MIDDLE EAST'S SUSTAINABLE 100  SUSTAINABILITY  LEADERS	FINANCE AMARIOS 2023	MARKET LEADERS 2023	E FINANCE ALLES AWAR	PONDNEY  POS FOR EXCELLENCE  LE EAST 2024



Sustainable Finance Awards in 2024 (Global Finance) Best bank for Sustainable Finance in ME and Qatar

BEST BANK FOR ESG

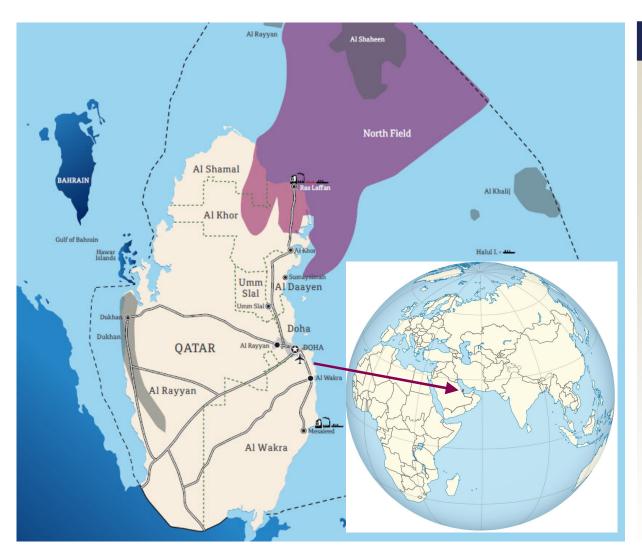
- Best bank for Green Bonds in ME
- Best bank for Sustainable Project Finance in ME





**Economic Overview** 

# Qatar is strategically located between Europe and Asia and possesses one of the largest gas reserves in the world



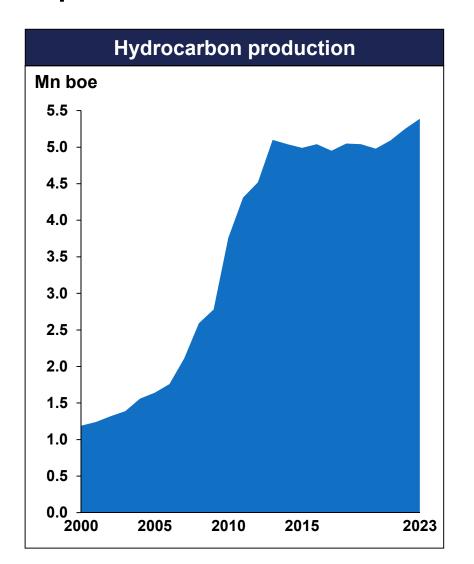
#### **Comments**

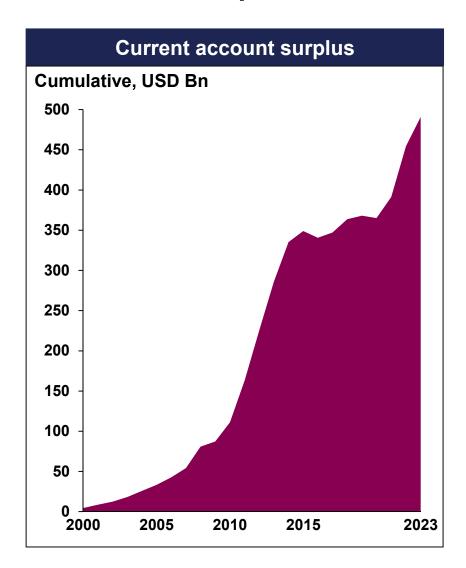
- Qatar is a peninsula located in the Persian Gulf and is a member of the Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC)
- Qatar's total population is around 3 million
- Qatar is endowed with the world's largest hydrocarbon reserves on a per capita basis
- Qatar's hydrocarbon reserves are mostly held in the North Field; the world's largest non-associated gas field
- Qatar is one of the world's largest exporters of liquefied natural gas (LNG)



Source: QNB analysis 42

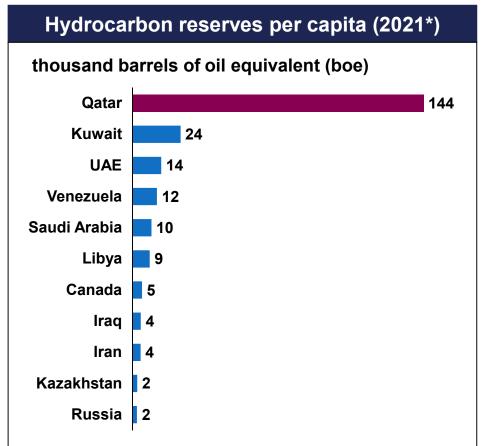
# Qatar's hydrocarbon production generates significant wealth via exports and has fueled substantial current account surpluses

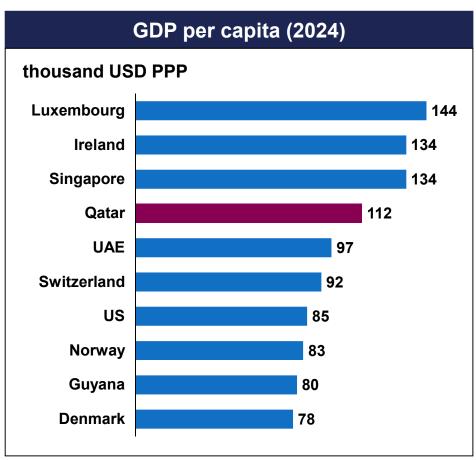






### The development of Qatar's vast hydrocarbon reserves make it one of the richest countries in the world





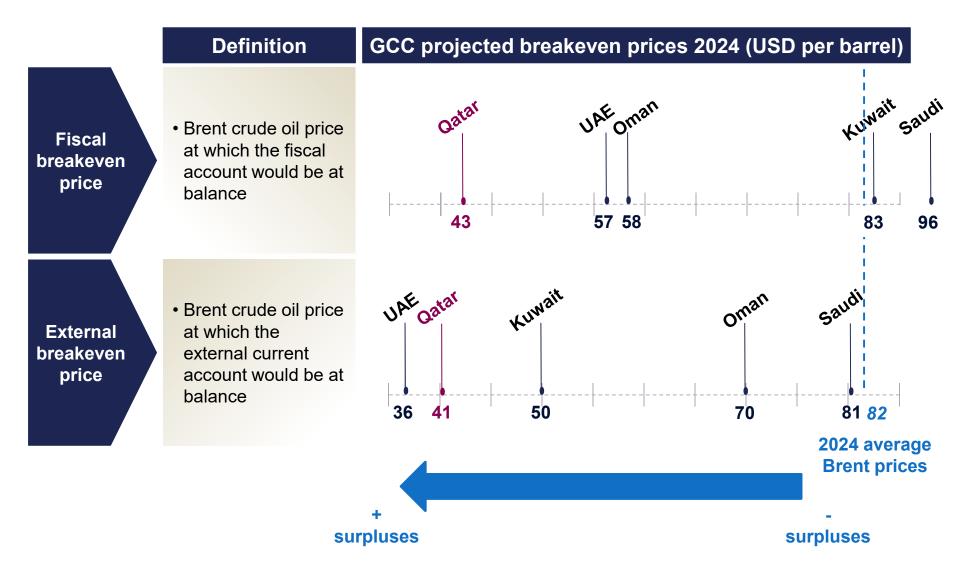
At current extraction rates, Qatar's proven gas reserves would last for over a hundred years

**Development of the hydrocarbon sector has made Qatar one of the world's richest countries** 





# Robust fiscal and external position allows for significant surpluses even at much lower oil prices





45

# Qatar benefits from solid trade relations and robust energy partnerships

#### **Qatar's external sector**

#### **Directions of trade (2023)**

Ехро	orts	Imports			
Destination	(USD Bn)	Source	(USD Bn)		
China	19.3	us	5.0		
South Korea	12.3	China	4.5		
India	11.8	Italy	2.0		
Japan	7.8	India	1.8		
Singapore	7.1	Germany	1.8		
UAE	4.2	ик	1.0		
Taiwan	3.4	Japan	1.0		
Italy	3.4	France	1.0		
Pakistan	3.3	Switzerland	0.9		
Belgium	2.5	Oman	8.0		

### Exports

- HC: LNG, condensates, oil, gas
- Non-HC: petrochemicals, fertilizers, chemicals, plastics, steel, aluminium, machinery and transport equipment

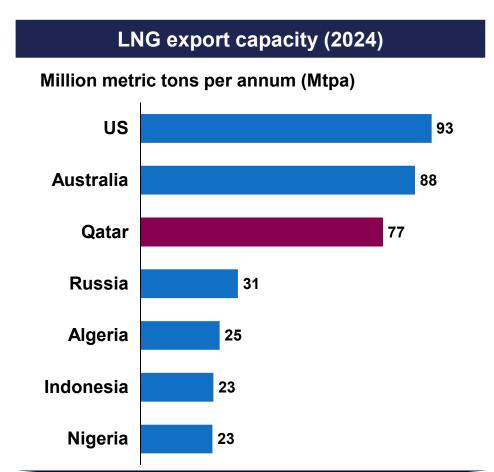
### **Imports**

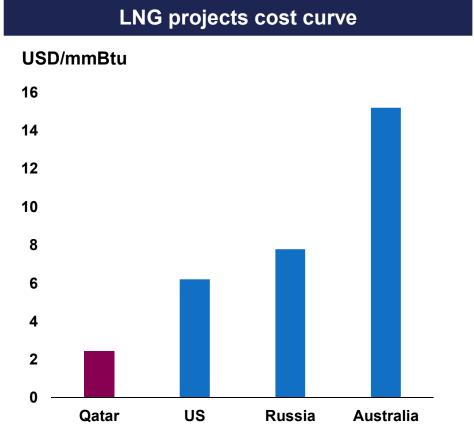
- Investment related: capital goods and intermediary goods used as inputs for production
- Consumer goods: finished products that are ready for consumption or distribution for end user



46

## Qatar is a leading LNG exporter and benefits from a clear cost advantage vis-à-vis other exporters



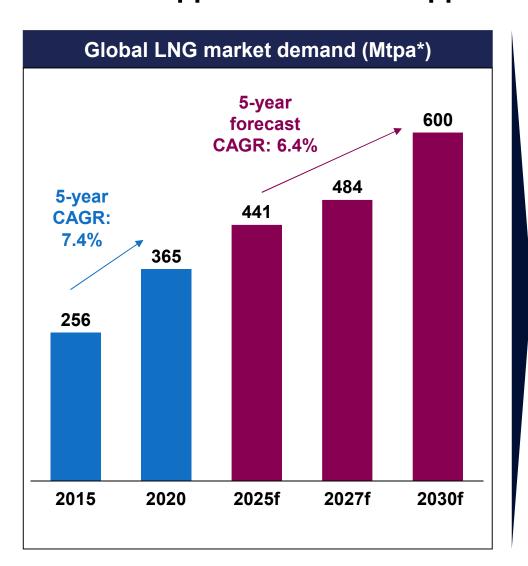


Qatar is consistently amongst the three largest exporters of LNG globally

Qatar's LNG production is at the bottom of the global LNG cost curve, allowing for flexibility and resilience



## Long-term prospects for LNG demand remain robust, creating attractive opportunities for suppliers that are competitive and reliable



#### Rationale – the case for gas

#### **Energy security**

 Natural gas is critical to global energy demand

#### Sustainable position

- Natural gas is the cleanest fossil fuel in terms of carbon dioxide emission
- Natural gas is generally considered a "transition" fossil fuel

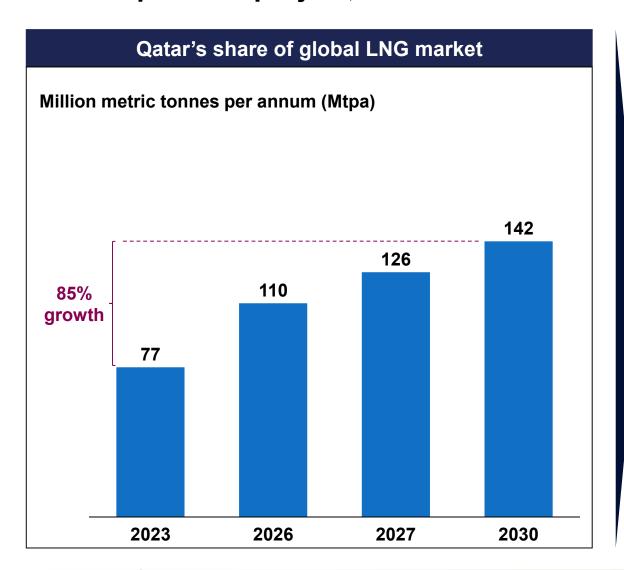
#### **Robust growth potential**

 Increase in demand from Asia due to growth and the bigger share in energy matrixes

Given the size and quality of its reserves, Qatar has a global competitive cost advantage that makes it a low cost producer



## Qatar is responding to this demand and opportunity with the North Field Expansion project, which will increase LNG output by 85%

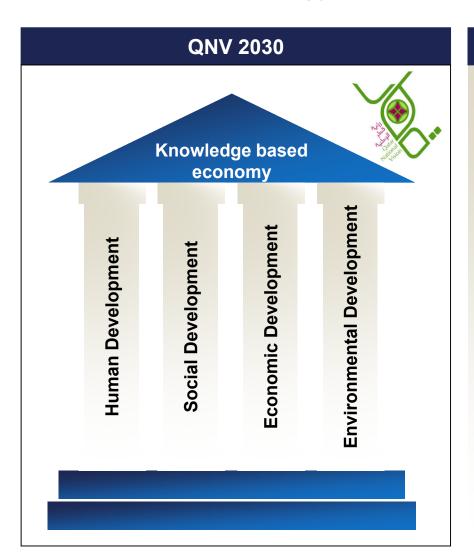


- Globally Qatar is the largest LNG exporter with a market share of 20-30% of total LNG exports
- In 2017, Qatar decided to lift the moratorium on the North Field output
- Eight new LNG trains will increase Qatar's LNG production by 85% to 142 million tonnes per annum. There are three phases within the North Field Expansion:
  - Phase I, North Field East, will increase Qatar's annual production from 77 to 110 million tonnes, with first gas expected from four trains by 2026
  - Phase II, North Field South, will increase production to 126 million tonnes, with first gas by 2027
  - Phase III, North Field West, will then further boost output to 142 million tonnes by 2030
- The LNG expansion will also unleash further downstream growth, as abundant feedstock favors the petrochemical and manufacturing sector



49

# To reduce reliance on hydrocarbon (HC) revenues, Qatar introduced a diversification strategy via Qatar National Vision 2030 (QNV 2030)



#### **Comments**

QNV 2030 aims to promote diversification away from oil and foster human, social, economic and environmental development:

#### **Human development**

To enable all of Qatar's people to sustain a prosperous society

#### Social development

 To maintain a just and caring society based on high moral standards and capable of playing a prominent role in the global partnership for development

#### **Economic development**

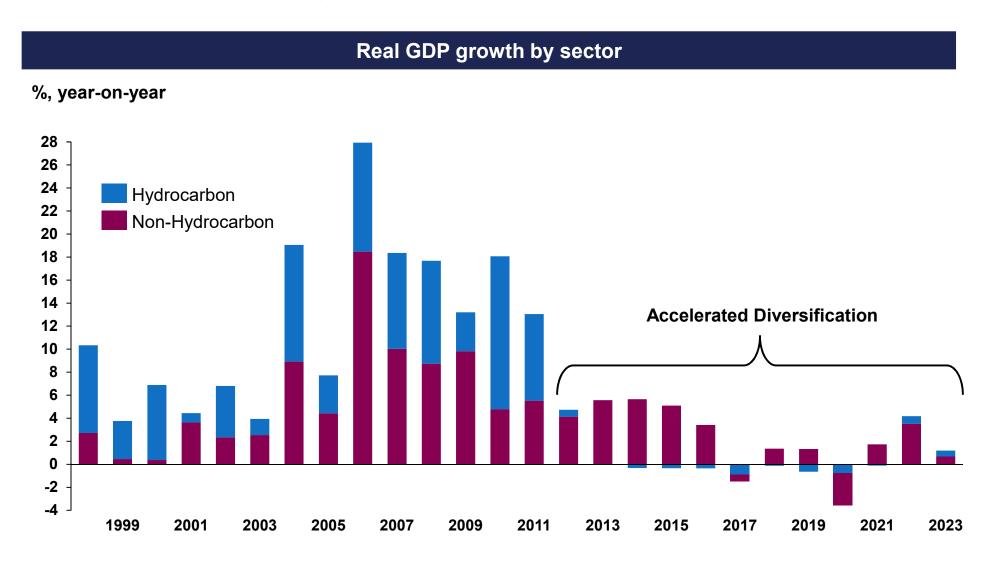
 To achieve a competitive and diversified economy capable of meeting the needs of, and securing a high standard of living for, all its people for the present and for the future

#### **Environmental development**

 To ensure harmony among economic growth, social development and environmental protection



## Economic diversification has accelerated over the last decade in order to achieve the QNV 2030





# Qatar's 3<sup>rd</sup> National Development Strategy (QNDS3) aims to support the execution of the QNV 2030 through seven key strategic outcomes

#### **Qatar's NDS 3 (2024 – 2030)**

1. Sustainable Economic Growth



 Adopt a sustainable growth model to transform into a competitive, productive, diversified, and innovative economy.

2. Fiscal Sustainability



 Strengthen the long-term stability, health, and resilience of the government budget and its balance sheet.

3. Future-ready Workforce



 Enable and develop citizens into globally competitive individuals and attract high-skilled expatriates as long-term partners in Qatar's transformation journey.

4. Cohesive Society



 Preserve Qatar's values and strong family bonds, fostering active citizenship, an integrated community, and harmonious society to thrive in a globalized world.

5. Quality of Life



 Provide quality of life for all through excellence in healthcare and public safety, with a vibrant cultural life, becoming a best-in-class environment for families.

6. Environmental Sustainability



 Conserve natural resources, protect ecosystems, reduce greenhouse gas emissions, and build resilience against future environmental threats.

7. Government Excellence



Become a world-class provider of government services to citizens, residents, businesses, and institutions, and a top nation for effective, efficient, and transparent governance.



## Qatar's sustainable economic growth model incorporates four key elements



#### **Sustainable Economic Growth Model**

#### **Energy Sector**

 Qatar will further strengthen its role as a global energy leader and build a position in new emerging fields of lowcarbon energy.

#### **Business Environment**

 To position Qatar to have one of the top business environments for both domestic and international investors.

#### **Diversification Clusters**

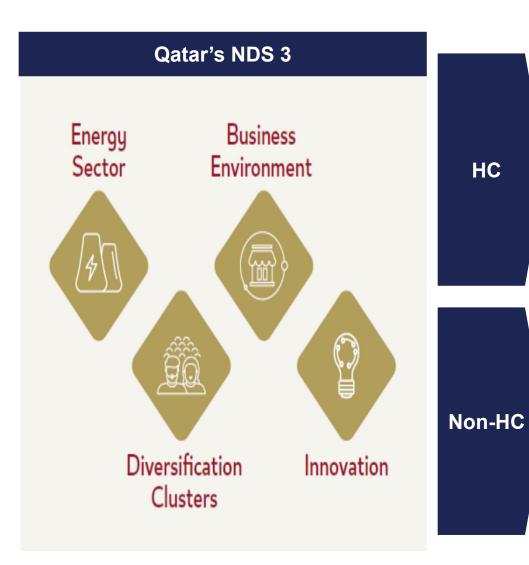
 Four identified clusters: growth clusters (manufacturing, logistics, tourism), enabling clusters (IT & digital, financial services, education), national resilience clusters (food & agriculture, health services), and future clusters (green tech, media)

#### **Innovation**

 Bolster Qatar's innovation ecosystem and increase its impact in propelling productivity advancements and economic growth.



### Qatar's development strategy spurs economic growth along two dimensions



HC

#### **North Field Expansion**

- North Field East
- North Field South
- North Field West
- Project Ru'ya
  - Third phase of Al-Shaheen's development
- **Brownfield projects** 
  - Al-Shaheen and Dukhan

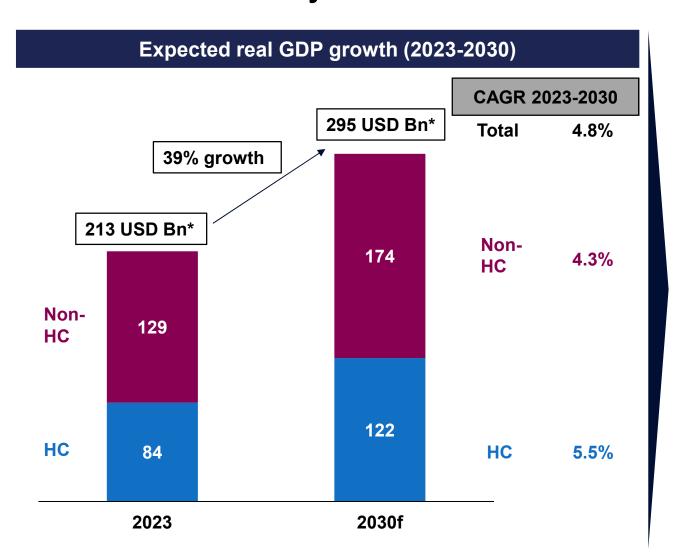
#### **Downstream manufacturing projects**

- Ras Laffan Petrochemical Project
- Ammonia 7 Project by QAFCO
- New PVC plant by Qapco
- Capex packages
  - Infrastructure and public services
- **Tourism** 
  - 6 million tourists per year by 2030
  - Simaisma Project





## Qatar's development strategy is set to achieve significant growth over the next several years



#### Comments

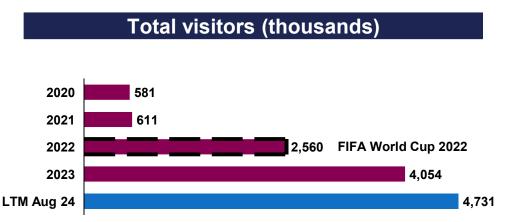
#### **Assumptions**

- HC
  - All phases of the North Field Expansion project are delivered
  - Ru'ya and brownfield projects advance
- Non-HC
  - Full development of major petrochemical and fertilizer projects
  - Continued development of other priority sectors (tourism, healthcare, education)

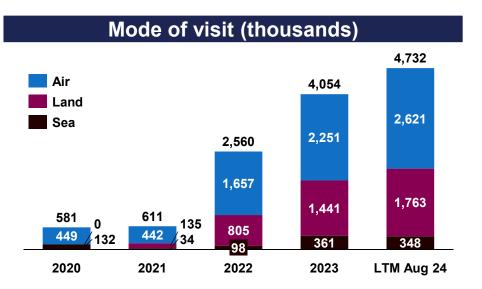


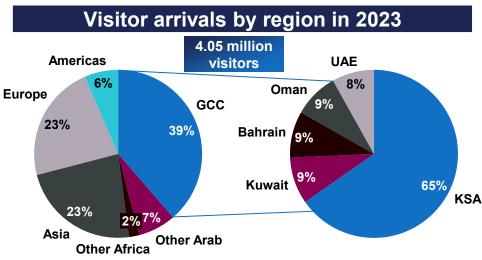


# Post-World Cup tourism surge is set to continue on state-of-the-art infrastructure, good value and the targeting of adjacent markets











# Given its wealth and stable outlook, Qatar is one of the highest rated sovereigns in the world

	Standard & Poor's Sovereign Ratings*						Moody's Sovereign Ratings*					
	AAA	Germany, Canada, Switzerland, Norway, Sweden, Netherlands, Luxembourg, Singapore				en,	Aaa	Germany, Canada, Switzerland, Norway, Sweden, Netherlands, Luxembourg, Singapore, US				
	AA+	US, Austria, Finland, Taiwan, Hong Kong					Aa1	Austria, Finland				
	AA	Qatar, UK, South Korea, Abu Dhabi, Ireland, Belgium				Aa2	Qatar, France, South Korea, Abu Dhabi					
irade	AA-	France, Czech Republic, Slovenia					Aa3	Czech Republic, Ireland, Taiwan, Hong Kong, UK, Belgium				
ent G	A+ China, Japan, Kuwait, Estonia, Slovakia, Iceland				nd	<b>A</b> 1	China, Japan, Kuwait, Estonia, Saudi Arabia, Iceland					
Investment Grade	Α	Saudi Arabia, Chile, Spain, Lithuania				A2	Chile, Lithuania, Slovakia, Poland					
Inv	A-	Portugal, Poland, Malaysia, Croatia					<b>A3</b>	Slovenia, Malaysia, Portugal				
	BBB+	Thailand, Philippines				Baa1	Thailand, Spain, Bulgaria, Kazakhstan					
	BBB Italy, Mexico, Indonesia, Panama, Bulgaria						Baa2	Mexico, Indonesia, Philippines, Croatia, Hungary, Colombia				
	BBB- India, Hungary, Kazakhstan, Romania, Greece					e	Baa3	Italy, India, Romania, Panama				
	Non-Investment Grade											
Stand	Standard & Poor's BB+ BB BB- B+ B B- CCC+ CCC CCC- CC					C						
	Moody's	Ba1	Ba2	Ba3	B1	B2	B3	Caa1	Caa2	Caa3	Ca	С



## Qatar's banking and financial system remains resilient and healthy

Financial Soundness Indicators (2020-2023, %)							
	2020	2021	2022	2023			
Capital Adequacy							
Tier 1 capital/risk-weighted assets	17.6	18.0	18.1	18.2			
Regulatory capital/risk-weighted assets	18.8	19.2	19.3	19.2			
Asset Quality							
Non-performing loans/total loans	2.0	2.4	3.7	3.9			
Liquidity							
Liquid assets/total assets	28.1	28.4	26.3	26.9			
Total loans/total deposits	122.9	121.5	123.3	127.1			
Total loans/total assets	67.6	67.2	66.6	66.1			
Profitability							
Return on assets	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.5			
Return on equity	13.7	14.7	14.0	14.9			



Source: Qatar Central Bank

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